

City Council Meeting 414 East Main Street DeWitt MI Meeting Agenda Monday, May 08, 2023 7:00 P.M.

Call to Order City Council Meeting

Pledge of Allegiance

Approval of Agenda

Approval of Minutes April 24, 2023, City Council Minutes

Public Comments The public is encouraged to address the City Council at this time. Generally, citizens are not recognized to speak at any other time during the meeting. Unless granted additional time by the Mayor, each member of the public is limited to three (3) minutes.

City Administrators Report

Old Business None

Call to Order - Public Hearing

A Public Hearing to receive comments on the Fiscal Year 2023-2024 Budget for all City funds, DDA Budget, Six-Year Capital Improvement Plan and the millage rate of 13.00 mills for General Operating.

OPEN: CLOSE:

New Business

1. Award Three-Year Auditing Contract to Maner-Costerisan

RECOMMENDED ACTION: To approve the contract for auditing services with Maner-Costerisan Certified Public Accountants for the fiscal years ending on June 30, 2023, 2024, and 2025 and authorize the Mayor and Clerk to sign the contract on behalf of the City.

2. Resolution 2023-04 Adoption of the FY23-24 City of DeWitt Budget All Funds, DDA FY23-24 Budget, FY23-24 Fee Schedule, Millage Rate and Six-Year Capital Improvement Plan

RECOMMENDED ACTION: To approve the Resolution 2023-04 approving the FY2023-2024 Budget and 2023-2028 Capital Improvement Plan, DDA Budget adopting the FY 2023-2024 Schedule of Fees, and setting FY2023-2024 Millage Rate at 13.0 Mills.

3. SCCMUA 2022 FUND BALANCE

RECOMMENDED ACTION: To authorize keeping \$21,749.00 in 2022 unrestricted funds at SCCMUA and to further reserve the funds for the October 2023 SRF debt payment, in addition to reserving \$1,680.00 from the city's existing Collection System reserves to cover the total debt payment of \$23,428.00.

4. DISTRIBUTION OF DRAFT COMMUNITY MASTER PLAN

RECOMMENDED ACTION: Approval of Resolution #2023-05 approving the distribution of the Draft Community Master Plan as recommended by the DeWitt Planning Commission.

Council/Staff Reports

Adjournment

Official minutes of the Council Meetings are available for public inspection at the Clerk's Office, 414 East Main Street, DeWitt, Michigan 48820. The City of DeWitt will provide to individuals with disabilities, reasonable auxiliary aids and services which are needed to fully participate in any meeting provided a 72-hour notice is received by phone or in writing. Contact the City Clerk at 414 East Main Street, DeWitt, Michigan 48820, or by calling (517) 669-2441. POSTED: May 4, 2023.

CALL TO ORDER:

Mayor Leeming called the Regular City Council Meeting to order at 7:09 pm. She led the pledge of allegiance.

ROLL CALL:

Members Present: Matt Cooper, Denise Donohue, Dave Hunsaker (arrived at 7:10 pm), Mark Kellogg, Trevor VanDyke, Jennifer Whitman, and Mayor Leeming

Excused: None

STAFF:

Daniel Coss, Lisa Grysen, Bruce Ferguson, and Brian Goodenough, City Attorney

AUDIENCE:

Stella Gallagher

AGENDA:

Motion by VanDyke, seconded by Cooper and carried by unanimous vote of the Council that **the agenda be approved as presented.**

APPROVAL OF MINUTES:

Motion by Whitman, seconded by Kellogg carried by unanimous vote of the Council to approve the minutes from the April 10, 2023, Regular City Council Meeting as presented.

PUBLIC COMMENT:

None

CITY ADMINISTRATORS REPORT:

City Park Restrooms Opened

All of the restrooms in the City parks are fully open and operational. The DPS finished the week of April 10 of getting the parks opened for the 2023 season.

East Dill Drive Sanitary Sewer Extension Grant

The City was not selected to move forward in the funding cycle by Representative Slotkin. The Community Funded Project program received 60 applications and is recommending 15 for funding. The City did receive some feedback on our application and was encouraged to apply in 2024. The email communication from Representative Slotkin is in your general information packet. I will provide some additional details at the Council meeting for potential next steps.

2023 Faith Fest Cancelled

St. Francis Retreat has canceled Faith Fest for this year, which has historically been held on the last Saturday in June. No reason was given for the cancellation.

2023 Community Showcase

The Community Showcase will be held on June 1st from 4-7 pm. The setup this year will be similar to last year. Some of the booths will be outside the high school and some will be in the gym.

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Fire Station

Fire Station

General Information Packet

- FY24 Community Project Funding Email
- General Ledger Report 03/10 04/06
- Chamber News
- Invoice Cloud Report

OLD BUSINESS:

None

NEW BUSINESS:

1. <u>Comcast Franchise Agreement Renewal:</u> The existing franchise agreement with Comcast will expire on May 14, 2023.

The City of DeWitt currently has two (2) franchise agreements with video providers; WBI and Comcast.

In 2006 the Michigan legislature passed and enacted PA 480 of 2006, Uniform Video Services Local Franchise Act. Public Act 480 standardized video franchise agreements between municipalities and providers. The act is very specific about the provisions that shall be included in agreements and limits municipalities' ability to request amendments to the agreement.

The one provision that the City of DeWitt can modify is the Franchise Fee amount, which can be set from 0-5% of the gross revenues of the provider. The current franchise fee is set at 3 percent with Comcast.

The franchise fees assist the city with covering the costs of maintaining and improving our rightsof-ways, including street maintenance, and providing access to the provider's infrastructure.

Comcast franchise fees (3%) generate approximately \$4,000 per year in revenue for the City of DeWitt. Increasing the franchise fees to 5% would generate an additional \$2,600 for the city, based on the current revenue generated by Comcast.

As video service subscribers continue to decline (moving to internet streaming), the anticipated revenues will decrease. The basic video package from Comcast is approximately \$70 per month.

I would recommend City Council increase the franchise fee to 5% (equals approximately \$3.50 per subscriber per month) for this renewal with Comcast.

City Attorney, Brian Goodenough, has reviewed the proposed franchise agreement and it is considered complete meeting all the statutory requirements of PA 480 of 2006.

Motion by Hunsaker, seconded by VanDyke by unanimous vote of the **Council to authorize the Mayor and Clerk to sign the attached Video Service Local Franchise Agreement with Comcast of Michigan, LLC, and levy a five-percent franchise fee.**

2. <u>Riverside Park/Sports Park Change Order #1 Request:</u>

The original project included utilizing wolmanized 6x6 timbers as a border around the poured-inplace rubberized safety surface. The installation was going to be handled in-house by the DPS.

Penchura provided a quote to install a reinforced concrete apron around the safety surface in lieu of wolmanized timbers.

The quote for Riverside Park is \$18,525.00, which also includes some additional concrete sidewalk and drainage tile.

The Sports Park quote is \$13,750.00 and includes 60 square feet of additional sidewalk.

Rich Miller, DPS Supervisor, is estimating that the timbers (time and material) would provide an approximate \$2,500 savings per park for a total of \$5,000.00.

With the minimal savings that utilizing timbers would provide versus the longevity and aesthetics of a concrete apron, the project would benefit from converting the border to concrete. Attached is a photo of a park in Port Huron, MI with a concrete apron to give the council a representation of the finished product.

The total contract that City Council awarded on May 9, 2022, was \$539,245.35, which did include a 5% contingency (\$26,962.26). If approved, this would bring the project's total cost to \$544,558.09, utilizing an additional \$5,312.74 above the contingency.

Motion by VanDyke, seconded by Whitman and carried by unanimous vote of the Council to approve Change Order #1 with Penchura, LLC in an amount not-to-exceed \$32,275.00 for 545 lineal feet of a reinforced concrete mow strip, 180 square feet of 4-inch concrete sidewalk, and 165 lineal feet of 4-inch socked drain tile.

3. <u>Downtown Development Authority 2023-2024 Fiscal Year Budget:</u> City Council was provided with the proposed Fiscal Year 2023-2024 Downtown Development Authority (DDA) Budget.

The DDA board has reviewed the proposed budget and forwarded it to City Council for your review.

The DDA Act requires the governing body to approve the budget prior to the DDA Board of Directors.

The proposed budget is on the agenda for review and discussion purposes at this time. The approval of the DDA Budget is anticipated to be on the May 8, 2023, City Council agenda.

Discussion Only

Fire Station

 <u>Committee Appointment - Appointment to Board/Commission:</u> The following citizen(s) are being appointed to the respective committee assignment for the specified term:

DeWitt Area Red	creational Authority	
Mark Dickens	314 W. Main St	12/31/2024

Motion by Donohue, seconded by VanDyke and carried by unanimous vote of the Council to confirm Mayor Leeming's appointment of Mark Dickens to the DeWitt Area Recreation Authority Committee with a term expiring on 12/31/2024.

5. Purchase 2023 John Deere Gator with Lift Cargo Box:

The current 2001 John Deere 4x2 Gator that is to replace has 2735 hours of use. The new John Deere TX 4x2 Gator we are requesting to purchase is similar to our 2001 & 2010 John Deere Gators.

The Public Service Department uses two John Deere 4x2 gators for cemetery maintenance, park grounds work, trail maintenance, and special events in the DDA. The Gators are also used for Pesticide spraying on green spaces, parks, City Hall, trees, sidewalks, and City roads. The City also shares the use of a Gator at the Sports park with DARA for field painting and maintenance. City Council was provided with a quote for a new TX 4x2 Gator, including a price for the trade-in value of the 2001 John Deere 4x2 Gator (\$1500 Trade Allowance). Rich Miller, DPS Supervisor is recommending to keep the 2001 Gator at the Sports Park for DARA to use. Funds for this purchase are available through Motor Pool Capital Outlay/DPS.

QUOTE RECEIVED:	TOTAL:
Hutson Inc	\$10,193.51

Motion by Whitman, seconded by VanDyke and carried by unanimous vote of the Council to approve the purchase of a new John Deere TX 4x2 Gator with Cargo Box power lift and Deluxe Light Kit from Hutson Inc for a total of \$10,193.51

6. Purchase of 72-inch deck Gas zero-turn lawn mower:

The Public Service Department uses three (3), 72" cut mowers to mow lawns in green spaces, parks, City Hall, grass violations, and the cemetery. The current 2017 John Deere mower to be replaced has 840 hours of hard use. The new John Deere Z970R Z Trak commercial 72" Gas mower we are requesting to purchase is similar to a 2019 & 2021 John Deere Z997R mower we already own and will use the same deck belts and blades.

City Council was provided with a quote for a new mower, including prices for the trade-in value of the 2017 John Deere mower (\$8000 Trade Allowance). Funds for this purchase are available through Motor Pool Capital Outlay/DPS.

QUOTE RECEIVED:	TOTAL:
Hutson Inc	\$8,142.75 after trade-in

Fire Station

Motion by Donohue, seconded by Cooper and carried by unanimous vote of the Council to approve the purchase of a new John Deere Z970R Commercial Gas Z-Trak 72" side discharge 7-Iron Pro deck mower with suspension seat and mulch kit from Hutson Inc for a total of \$8,142.75 after trade-in.

COUNCIL STAFF REPORTS:

City Attorney:

- Working on researching easements
- Continue to work on the Water Capital Benefits

City Clerk-Treasurer:

• Meeting with Clinton County Clerk's Office and Bureau of Elections in May to discuss the implementation of Proposal 2

DARA:

• No Meeting

DDA:

• No Meeting

DAESA:

- Annual Fire Appreciation Dinner was on 4/22
- Several firefighters were honored for life-saving measures taken
- John Braska received Fire Officer of the Year
- Hanna Ingleright received Firefighter of the Year

Planning:

• Meeting on April 26

Parks:

• Discussed McGuire Park playground equipment and Collumbariums

Police Chief:

• Meeting with the ½ Marathon organizers

ADJOURNMENT:

Motion by VanDyke, seconded by Whitman and carried by unanimous vote of the Council that **the meeting is adjourned at 8:34 p.m.**

Respectfully submitted,

Lisa M. Grysen City Clerk-Treasurer Susan J. Leeming Mayor

DeWitt Duathlon

The duathlon is all set to start at 7:30 am on Saturday, May 13. As of May 1, there were 182 participants signed up.

MS/PH Half Marathon

The planning is complete for the half-marathon on Saturday, May 20 and the race organizers have all the required permits. There are approximately 250 participants signed up.

Farmers Market Starting Next Month

The DDA Farmers Market starts on June 6 at 3 pm. They have a very full market for the first several weeks with a few new vendors and food trucks. The market will feature a kid's event and an unveiling of the new art benches downtown. More details to come on the benches.

<u>110 Lofts Construction Progress</u>

The development is moving along. All of the footings and basements walls have been poured and backfilled. The adjacent property, Family Barber Shop, did sustain some damage to a part of the building that was built as an addition. Kincaid Builders have a structural engineer and masonry company coming out on Tuesday, May 9 to propose a repair to the building.

Turner Street Pre-Construction Meeting

A pre-con meeting is scheduled for Monday, May 15 with MDOT and the contractor, Michigan Paving Materials. The contractor will present a schedule at that meeting. Once the schedule is approved communication will be provided to the community through our website and social media.

General Information Packet

- General Ledger Report 04/21 05/04
- <u>Planning Commission Minutes</u>
- Invoice Cloud Report
- <u>April 2023 Assessors Summary</u>
- <u>Chris Coucke Baby Announcement</u>
- <u>Rehmann Email</u>
- <u>Chamber News</u>

May		
09 – Tuesday	DDA Meeting	
13 – Saturday	DeWitt Duathlon	
22 – Monday City Council Meeting		
25 – Thursday Planning Commission Meeting		
29 – Monday	Memorial Day - City Hall Closed	

Staff Report for Council Agenda Item

Agenda Item: NB #1 Meeting Date: May 8, 2023

TO: Mayor Leeming and Council Members

FROM: Dan Coss, City Administrator

DATE: May 4, 2023

RE: Award Three-Year Auditing Contract to Maner-Costerisan

FACTS: Maner-Costerisan Certified Public Accountants has provided the City of DeWitt with a proposal for a three-year contract for auditing services for the fiscal years June 30, 2023. 2024 and 2025. Maner-Costerisan has been with the City of DeWitt, DDA, and DAESA since 2018 providing auditing services. In addition to performing the City of DeWitt audit each August, they complete the DDA and DAESA audit while on-site. The DDA and DAESA are billed separately for their audit costs. Maner-Costerisan has conducted itself in a very professional manner and completed an extensive review of our financial statements for all government functions. They are proposing the following fee structure:

FY2023 - \$18,500 (includes DDA - \$3,500) FY2024 - \$21,000 (includes DDA - \$4,000) FY2025 - \$23,600 (includes DDA - \$4,500)

DAESA is considering a three-year extension with Maner-Costerisan at their May 18, 2023, regular meeting.

Rehman CPA & Consultants did receive an RFP to bid on the service but declined to submit a bid. They indicated staffing levels would preclude them from providing a competitive bid to the City of DeWitt.

RECOMMENDED ACTION: To approve the contract for auditing services with Maner-Costerisan Certified Public Accountants for the fiscal years ending in June 30, 2023, 2024, and 2025 and authorize the Mayor and Clerk to sign the contract on behalf of the City.

MOTION BY:		SECONDE	ED BY:	
ROLL CALL VOTE:	Cooper Donohue Hunsaker		VanDyke _ Kellogg Whitman	



2425 E. Grand River Ave., Suite 1, Lansing, MI 48912

중 517.323.7500分 517.323.6346

February 15, 2023

City of DeWitt 414 E. Main Street DeWitt, MI 48820

We are pleased to confirm our understanding of the services we are to provide the City of DeWitt for the years ending June 30, 2023, 2024, and 2025.

Audit Scope and Objectives

We will audit the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, and the disclosures, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of DeWitt as of and for the years ending June 30, 2023, 2024, and 2025. Accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) provide for certain required supplementary information (RSI), such as management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), to supplement the City of DeWitt's basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. As part of our engagement, we will apply certain limited procedures to the City of DeWitt's RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). These limited procedures will consist of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We will not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The following RSI is required by GAAP and will be subjected to certain limited procedures, but will not be audited:

- 1. Management's discussion and analysis
- 2. Budgetary comparison schedules (General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds)
- 3. Required supplementary pension schedules
- 4. Required supplementary other post-employment benefit schedules

We have also been engaged to report on supplementary information other than RSI that accompanies the City of DeWitt's financial statements. We will subject the following supplementary information to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS, and we will provide an opinion on it in relation to the financial statements as a whole in a report combined with our auditor's report on the financial statements.

- 1. Combining nonmajor fund financial statements
- 2. Budgetary comparison schedules (nonmajor Special Revenue Funds)
- 3. Schedules of bonded debt outstanding

The objectives of our audit are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion about whether your financial statements are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with GAAP; and report on the fairness of the supplementary information referred to in the second paragraph when considered in relation to the financial statements as a whole. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements, including omissions, can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment of a reasonable user made based on the financial statements.

The objectives also include reporting on internal control over financial reporting and compliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and award agreements, noncompliance with which could have a material effect on the financial statements in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

We will conduct our audit in accordance with GAAS and the standards for financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and will include tests of accounting records of the City of DeWitt and other procedures we consider necessary to enable us to express such opinions. As part of an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We will evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management. We will also evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and determine whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation. We will plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether from (1) errors, (2) fraudulent financial reporting, (3) misappropriation of assets, or (4) violations of laws or governmental regulations that are attributable to the government or to acts by management or employees acting on behalf of the government. Because the determination of waste and abuse is subjective, *Government Auditing Standards* do not expect auditors to perform specific procedures to detect waste or abuse in financial audits nor do they expect auditors to provide reasonable assurance of detecting waste or abuse.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, combined with the inherent limitations of internal control, and because we will not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is an unavoidable risk that some material misstatements may not be detected by us, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, an audit is not designed to detect immaterial misstatements or violations of laws or governmental regulations that do not have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, we will inform the appropriate level of management of any material errors, fraudulent financial reporting, or misappropriation of assets that comes to our attention. We will also inform the appropriate level of management of any violations of laws or governmental regulations that comes to the period covered by our audit and does not extend to any later periods for which we are not engaged as auditors.

We will also conclude, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the government's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Our procedures will include tests of documentary evidence supporting the transactions recorded in the accounts, tests of the physical existence of inventories, and direct confirmation of receivables and certain assets and liabilities by correspondence with selected customers, creditors, and financial institutions. We may also request written representations from your attorneys as part of the engagement.

We have identified the following significant risk(s) of material misstatement as part of our audit planning:

Management override of controls and revenue recognition.

Audit Procedures - Internal Control

We will obtain an understanding of the government and its environment, including internal control relevant to the audit, sufficient to identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and to design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions. Tests of controls may be performed to test the effectiveness of certain controls that we consider relevant to preventing and detecting errors and fraud that are material to the financial statements and to preventing and detecting misstatements resulting from illegal acts and other noncompliance matters that have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. Our tests, if performed, will be less in scope than would be necessary to render an opinion on internal control and, accordingly, no opinion will be expressed in our report on internal control issued pursuant to *Government Auditing Standards*. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentation, or the override of internal control. An audit is not designed to provide assurance on internal control or to identify significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Accordingly, we will express no such opinion. However, during the audit, we will communicate to management and those charged with governance internal control related matters that are required to be communicated under AICPA professional standards and *Government Auditing Standards*.

Audit Procedures - Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, we will perform tests of the City of DeWitt's compliance with the provisions of applicable laws, regulations, contracts, agreements, and grants. However, the objective of our audit will not be to provide an opinion on overall compliance, and we will not express such an opinion in our report on compliance issued pursuant to *Government Auditing Standards*.

Other Services

We will also assist in preparing the financial statements and related notes of the City of DeWitt in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America based on information provided by you. These nonaudit services do not constitute an audit under *Government Auditing Standards* and such services will not be conducted in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. We will perform the services in accordance with applicable professional standards. The other services are limited to the financial statement services previously defined. We, in our sole professional judgment, reserve the right to refuse to perform any procedure or take any action that could be construed as assuming management responsibilities.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Our audit will be conducted on the basis that you acknowledge and understand your responsibility for designing, implementing, establishing, and maintaining effective internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and for evaluating and monitoring ongoing activities to help ensure that appropriate goals and objectives are met; following laws and regulations; and ensuring that management and financial information is reliable and properly reported. Management is also responsible for implementing systems designed to achieve compliance with applicable laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements. You are also responsible for the selection and application of accounting principles, for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements and all accompanying information in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for compliance with applicable laws and regulations and regulations and regulations and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements.

Management is responsible for making drafts of financial statements, all financial records, and related information available to us and for the accuracy and completeness of that information (including information from outside of the general and subsidiary ledgers). You are also responsible for providing us with (1) access to all information of which you are aware that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, such as records, documentation, identification of all related parties and all related-party relationships and transactions, and other matters; (2) additional information that we may request for the purpose of the audit; and (3) unrestricted access to persons within the government from whom we determine it necessary to obtain audit evidence. At the conclusion of our audit, we will require certain written representations from you about your responsibilities for the financial statements; compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements; and other responsibilities required by GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*.

Your responsibilities include adjusting the financial statements to correct material misstatements and for confirming to us in the written representation letter that the effects of any uncorrected misstatements aggregated by us during the current engagement and pertaining to the latest period presented are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements of each opinion unit taken as a whole.

You are responsible for the design and implementation of programs and controls to prevent and detect fraud, and for informing us about all known or suspected fraud affecting the government involving (1) management, (2) employees who have significant roles in internal control, and (3) others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements. Your responsibilities include informing us of your knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the government received in communications from employees, former employees, grantors, regulators, or others. In addition, you are responsible for identifying and ensuring that the government complies with applicable laws, regulations, contracts, agreements, and grants and for taking timely and appropriate steps to remedy fraud and noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, or contracts or grant agreements that we report.

You are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information, which we have been engaged to report on, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. You agree to include our report on the supplementary information in any document that contains, and indicates that we have reported on, the supplementary information. You also agree to include the audited financial statements with any presentation of the supplementary information that includes our report thereon or make the audited financial statements readily available to users of the supplementary information no later than the date the supplementary information is issued with our report thereon. Your responsibilities include acknowledging to us in the written representation letter that (1) you are responsible for presentation of the supplementary information in accordance with GAAP; (2) you believe the supplementary information, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with GAAP; (3) the methods of measurement or presentation have not changed from those used in the prior period (or, if they have changed, the reasons for such changes); and (4) you have disclosed to us any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the supplementary information.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining a process for tracking the status of audit findings and recommendations. Management is also responsible for identifying and providing report copies of previous financial audits, attestation engagements, performance audits or other studies related to the objectives discussed in the Audit Scope and Objectives section of this letter. This responsibility includes relaying to us corrective actions taken to address significant findings and recommendations resulting from those audits, attestation engagements, performance audits, or other studies. You are also responsible for providing management's views on our current findings, conclusions, and recommendations, as well as your planned corrective actions, for the report, and for the timing and format for providing that information. You agree to assume all management responsibilities relating to the financial statements and related notes and any other nonaudit services we provide. You will be required to acknowledge in the management representation letter our assistance with preparation of the financial statements and related notes and that you have reviewed and approved the financial statements and related notes prior to their issuance and have accepted responsibility for them. Further, you agree to oversee the nonaudit services by designating an individual, preferably from senior management, with suitable skill, knowledge, or experience; evaluate the adequacy and results of those services; and accept responsibility for them.

Engagement Administration, Fees, and Other

We understand that your employees will prepare all cash, accounts receivable, or other confirmations we request and will locate any documents selected by us for testing.

We will provide copies of our reports; however, management is responsible for distribution of the reports and the financial statements. Unless restricted by law or regulation, or containing privileged and confidential information, copies of our reports are to be made available for public inspection.

The audit documentation for this engagement is the property of Maner Costerisan and constitutes confidential information. However, subject to applicable laws and regulations, audit documentation and appropriate individuals will be made available upon request and in a timely manner to an oversight agency or its designee, a federal agency providing direct or indirect funding, or the U.S. Government Accountability Office for the purposes of a quality review of the audit, to resolve audit findings, or to carry out oversight responsibilities. We will notify you of any such request. If requested, access to such audit documentation will be provided under the supervision of Maner Costerisan personnel. Furthermore, upon request, we may provide copies of selected audit documentation to the aforementioned parties. These parties may intend or decide to distribute the copies or information contained therein to others, including other governmental agencies.

The audit documentation for this engagement will be retained for a minimum of five years after the report release date or for any additional period requested by the oversight agency. If we are aware that a federal awarding agency or auditee is contesting an audit finding, we will contact the party(ies) contesting the audit finding for guidance prior to destroying the audit documentation.

Aaron M. Stevens, CPA, is the engagement partner and is responsible for supervising the engagement and signing the reports or authorizing another individual to sign them.

Based on our preliminary estimates, the fees should approximate the following:

Year Ending June 30,	 City	Deve	wntown elopment thority	 Total
2023 2024 2025	\$ 15,000 17,000 19,100	\$	3,500 4,000 4,500	\$ 18,500 21,000 23,600

Our audit fees will be billed based on the services rendered, plus out-of-pocket costs. Our standard hourly rates vary according to the experience level of the personnel assigned to your audit. Our invoices for these fees will be rendered as work progresses and are payable on presentation. Past due amounts are subject to a service fee of 1½ percent per month. In accordance with firm policies, work may be suspended if your account becomes 60 days or more overdue and will not be resumed until your account is paid in full. If we elect to terminate our services for nonpayment, you will be obligated to compensate us for all time expended and to reimburse us for all out-of-pocket expenditures through the date of termination. Third-party confirmation providers for certain financial institutions may invoice us for responding to confirmation requests and we will pass those costs through to you.

Our audit engagement ends on delivery of our audit report. Any follow-up services that might be required will be a separate, new engagement letter. The terms and conditions of that new engagement will be governed by a new, specific engagement letter for that service.

We will provide copies of our reports to the City of DeWitt, however, management is responsible for distribution of the reports and the financial statements. Unless restricted by law or regulation, or containing privileged and confidential information, copies of our reports are to be made available for public inspection.

You may request that we perform additional services not addressed in this engagement letter. If this occurs, we will communicate with you regarding the scope of the additional services and the estimated fees. We also may issue a separate engagement letter covering the additional services. In the absence of any other written communication from us documenting such additional services, our services will continue to be governed by the terms of this engagement letter.

We will schedule the engagement based in part on deadlines, working conditions, and the availability of your key personnel. We will plan the engagement based on the assumption that your personnel will cooperate and provide assistance be performing tasks such as preparing requested schedules, retrieving supporting documents, and preparing confirmations. If, for whatever reason, your personnel are unavailable to provide the necessary assistance in a timely manner, it may substantially increase the work we have to do to complete the engagement within the established deadlines, resulting in an increase in fees over our original fee estimate.

This estimate is based on anticipated cooperation from your personnel and the assumption that unexpected circumstances will not be encountered during the audit. We understand we will be provided balanced records for each fund and that all accounts will be reconciled. If additional time is necessary, we will discuss it with you and arrive at a new fee before we incur the additional costs.

The fees quoted above are based on the City of DeWitt's current levels of client assistance and expertise. Should any of these levels of assistance or expertise change during the period of our engagement, we may need to arrive at a new fee arrangement for the remainder of the agreement.

In any year that the City of DeWitt would like us to prepare the State of Michigan, Department of Treasury F-65 Form, Annual Qualifying Statement, or Form Act 51, we will bill the City of DeWitt at our standard hourly rates.

If additional procedures are necessary to assist with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96 or any other new accounting standard, our fees will be based on the services rendered at our standard hourly rates.

During the term of this agreement and for a period of one year thereafter, neither party shall directly or indirectly, solicit for employment or for engagement as an independent contractor, or encourage leaving their employment or engagement, any employee or independent contractor of the other party. For the avoidance of doubt, general advertisements for employment and responses thereto, shall not be deemed a violation of the paragraph. The parties agree that any breach of this paragraph would damage the other party in an amount difficult to ascertain with certainty, and that in the event that either party breaches this provision resulting in the other party losing the services of an employee or independent contractor for any period of time, the breaching party shall pay to the other party an amount equal to the annual rate of compensation (paid by the non-breaching party for the immediate prior calendar year) of the applicable employee or independent contractor.

Government Auditing Standards require that we provide you with a copy of our most recent external peer review report and any subsequent peer review reports received during the period of the contract. Our most recent peer review report accompanies this letter.

If reproduction or publication of financial statements audited by us, or any portion thereof, is intended, it is our policy that any master of printer's proofs be submitted to us for review prior to publication.

We will continue to perform our services under the arrangements discussed above from year to year unless for some reason you or we find that some change is necessary. However, the performance of each audit is a separate and severable engagement. Each separate engagement shall be deemed complete and Maner Costerisan will not have a continuing responsibility to perform additional services with respect to that completed engagement when we present to you the final audit report that relates to any given year.

Our audit report on the financial statements to be issued pursuant to this engagement is for your use. If it is your primary intent that our report will benefit or influence a third-party user, we must be informed prior to the beginning of the annual audit engagement.

Considering our current relationship as an independent member of the BDO Alliance USA, the firm may from time to time, and depending on the circumstances, use third-party service providers in serving your account. We may share confidential information about you with these service providers but remain committed to maintaining the confidentiality and security of your information. Accordingly, we maintain internal policies, procedures, and safeguards to protect the confidentiality of your personal information. In addition, we will secure confidentiality agreements with all service providers to maintain the confidentiality of your information and we will take reasonable precautions to determine that they have appropriate procedures in place to prevent the unauthorized release of your confidential information to others. In the event that we are unable to secure an appropriate confidentiality agreement, you will be asked to provide your consent prior to the sharing of your confidential information with the third-party service provider. Furthermore, we will remain responsible for the work provided by any such third-party service providers.

In connection with this engagement, we may communicate with you or others via e-mail transmission. As emails can be intercepted and read, disclosed, or otherwise used or communicated by an unintended third party, or may not be delivered to each of the parties to whom they are directed and only to such parties, we cannot guarantee or warrant that e-mails from us will be properly delivered and read only by the addressee. Therefore, we specifically disclaim and waive any liability or responsibility whatsoever for interception or unintentional disclosure or communication of e-mail transmissions, or for the unauthorized use or failed delivery of e-mails transmitted by us in connection with the performance of this engagement. In that regard, you agree that we shall have no liability for any loss or damage to any person or entity resulting from the use of e-mail transmissions, including any consequential, incidental, direct, indirect, or special damages, such as loss of sales or anticipated profits, or disclosure or communication of confidential or proprietary information.

You agree that our maximum liability to you for any negligent errors or omissions committed by us in the performance of the engagement will be limited to the amount of our fees for this engagement, except to the extent determined to result from our gross negligence or willful misconduct.

Because there are inherent difficulties in recalling or preserving information as the period after an engagement increases, you agree that, notwithstanding the statute of limitations of the State of Michigan, any claim based on this engagement must be commenced within 12 months after performance of our service, unless you have previously provided us with a written notice of a specific defect in our services that forms the basis of the claim.

If any dispute arises among the parties hereto, the parties agree first to try in good faith to settle the dispute by mediation administered by the American Arbitration Association under its Commercial Mediation Rules. If the parties are unable to resolve the dispute through mediation within 60 days from the date notice is first given from one party to the other as to the existence of a dispute and the demand to mediate, then they may proceed to resolve the matter by arbitration if this agreement provides that the particular dispute is subject to arbitration, or by whatever other lawful means are available to them if this agreement does not provide for arbitration of the particular dispute. Costs of any mediation proceeding shall be shared equally by all parties.

The City of DeWitt and Maner Costerisan both agree that any dispute over fees charged by Maner Costerisan to the client or any other disputes will be submitted for resolution by arbitration in accordance with the rules of the American Arbitration Association. Such arbitration shall be binding and final. The arbitration shall take place at Lansing, Michigan. Any hearing shall be before one arbitrator in accordance with Rule 17 of the Commercial Arbitration Rules of the American Arbitration Association (the Rules). Any award rendered by the arbitrator pursuant to this agreement may be filed and entered and shall be enforceable in the appropriate court of the county in which arbitration proceeds. In agreeing to arbitration, we both acknowledge that, in the event of a dispute over fees, each of us is giving up the right to have the dispute decided in a court of law before a judge or jury and instead we are accepting the use of arbitration for resolution. The prevailing party shall be entitled to an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred in connection with the arbitration of the dispute in an amount to be determined by the arbitrator.

Reporting

We will issue a written report upon completion of our audit of the City of DeWitt's financial statements. Our report will be addressed to_management and those charged with governance of the City of DeWitt. Circumstances may arise in which our report may differ from its expected form and content based on the results of our audit. Depending on the nature of these circumstances, it may be necessary for us to modify our opinions, add a separate section, or add an emphasis-of-matter or other-matter paragraph to our auditor's report, or if necessary, withdraw from this engagement. If our opinions are other than unmodified, we will discuss the reasons with you in advance. If, for any reason, we are unable to complete the audit or are unable to form or have not formed opinions, we may decline to express opinions or issue reports, or we may withdraw from this engagement.

We will also provide a report (that does not include an opinion) on internal control related to the financial statements and compliance with the provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a material effect on the financial statements as required by *Government Auditing Standards*. The report on internal control and on compliance and other matters will state (1) that the purpose of the report is solely to describe the scope of testing of internal control and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control on compliance, and (2) that the report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. The report will also state that the report is not suitable for any other purpose. If during our audit we become aware that the City of DeWitt is subject to management and those charged with governance that an audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards for financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* may not satisfy the relevant legal, regulatory, or contractual requirements.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to the City of DeWitt and believe this letter accurately summarizes the significant terms of our engagement. If you have any questions, please let us know. If you agree with the terms of our engagement as described in this letter, please sign the attached copy and return it to us.

Very truly yours,

Many Costerinan PC

RESPONSE:

This letter correctly sets forth the understanding of the City of DeWitt.

By:_____

Title:_____

Date:_____

To: Maner Costerisan

After considering the qualifications of the accounting personnel of the City of DeWitt we believe they have the qualifications and abilities to generate financial statements, including the required footnotes, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. However, for convenience and other issues, we may contract with you to prepare our financial statements.

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Signature: _____

Title:_____

Date:_____

ADDENDUM TO ENGAGEMENT LETTER

As part of the audit engagement, you have requested our assistance with the following services. *Government Auditing Standards* considers these services as "non-attest" or "non-audit" services. Management is required to review, approve, and accept responsibility for any non-audit services we may perform.

- Preparation of the financial statements, including the related notes, required and additional supplementary information.
- > Calculation of the provision for depreciation (if applicable).
- > Assistance with the preparation and submission of audit financial information required by law or regulations.

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- > Assistance with, or the preparation of, year-end adjusting journal entries and work papers.
- > Access to a secure website to exchange information electronically.



Report on the Firm's System of Quality Control

July 30, 2020

To the Partners of Maner Costerisan PC and the National Peer Review Committee

We have reviewed the system of quality control for the accounting and auditing practice of Maner Costerisan PC (the firm) applicable to engagements not subject to PCAOB permanent inspection in effect for the year ended March 31, 2020. Our peer review was conducted in accordance with the Standards for Performing and Reporting on Peer Reviews established by the Peer Review Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (Standards).

A summary of the nature, objectives, scope, limitations of, and the procedures performed in a System Review as described in the Standards may be found at <u>www.aicpa.org/prsummary</u>. The summary also includes an explanation of how engagements identified as not performed or reported in conformity with applicable professional standards, if any, are evaluated by a peer reviewer to determine a peer review rating.

Firm's Responsibility

The firm is responsible for designing a system of quality control and complying with it to provide the firm with reasonable assurance of performing and reporting in conformity with applicable professional standards in all material respects. The firm is also responsible for evaluating actions to promptly remediate engagements deemed as not performed or reported in conformity with professional standards, when appropriate, and for remediating weaknesses in its system of quality control, if any.

Peer Reviewer's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the design of the system of quality control and the firm's compliance therewith based on our review.

Required Selections and Considerations

Engagements selected for review included engagements performed under *Government Auditing Standards*, including compliance audits under the Single Audit Act; audits of employee benefit plans, and an audit of a broker-dealer.

As a part of our peer review, we considered reviews by regulatory entities as communicated by the firm, if applicable, in determining the nature and extent of our procedures.

Opinion

In our opinion, the system of quality control for the accounting and auditing practice of Maner Costerisan PC applicable to engagements not subject to PCAOB permanent inspection in effect for the year ended March 31, 2020, has been suitably designed and complied with to provide the firm with reasonable assurance of performing and reporting in conformity with applicable professional standards in all material respects. Firms can receive a rating of *pass, pass with deficiency(ies)* or *fail.* Maner Costerisan PC has received a peer review rating of *pass.*

Keilly, Fenner " Benton LLP

Reilly, Penner & Benton LLP

Reilly, Penner & Benton LLP 1233 N. Mayfair Road Suite #302 • Milwaukee, WI 53226-3255 • 414-271-7800

www.rpb.biz

Staff Report for Council Agenda Item

Agenda Item: NB #2 Meeting Date: May 8, 2023

TO: Mayor Leeming and Council Members

FROM: Dan Coss, City Administrator

DATE: May 4, 2023

RE: Approval of FY 2023-24 Budget

FACTS: A public hearing has been published in the April 28, 2023, *Lansing State Journal* for the public's consideration of the FY 2023-24 Budget, Fee Schedule, Millage Rate, DDA Budget and Six-Year Capital Improvement Plan per the requirements of PA 2 of 1968 and the DeWitt City Charter

RECOMMENDED ACTION: To approve Resolution #2023-04 adopting the FY2023-2024 Budget and 2023-2028 Capital Improvement Plan, DDA Budget, adopting the FY 2023-2024 Schedule of Fees, and setting FY2023-2024 Millage Rate at 13.0 Mills.

MOTION BY:		SECONE	DED BY:	
ROLL CALL VOTE:	Cooper Donohue Hunsaker		VanDyke Kellogg Whitman	

CITY OF DEWITT CITY COUNCIL

RESOLUTION #2023-04

A RESOLUTION BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF DEWITT ADOPTING THE FISCAL YEAR 2023-2024 BUDGET, FEES, CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN, AND SETTING THE MILLAGE RATE

- **BE IT RESOLVED,** that the proposed 2023-2024 Fiscal Year Budget be adopted and that commencing July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2024, the following revenues and expenditures are hereby appropriated on a government fund basis.
- **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED,** that the estimated revenues and expenditures for Fiscal Year 2023-2024 are as follows:

	Revenues	Expenditures
General Fund	\$3,754,306	\$3,849,546
Major Street Fund	\$ 389,200	\$ 186,324
Local Street Fund	\$ 357,500	\$ 357,166
Enterprise Fund	\$ 751,617	\$1,485,055
Motor Pool Fund	\$ 278,331	\$ 382,452
Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund	\$ 7,110	\$ 500
Public Improvement/Building Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0
Special Donations Fund	\$ 270	\$ 350
Drug Law Enforcement Fund	\$ 5	\$5
City Hall Debt	\$ 135,000	\$ 132,663
Building Department Fund	\$ 61,510	\$ 69,000
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$5,734,849	\$6,463,061

The ability to meet all expenditures shall be from projected revenues and available surplus in each fund.

- **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that 13.00 mills be levied for the purpose of meeting the operational requirements of the General Fund for Fiscal Year 2023-2024.
- **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED,** that the fees proposed as part of the Fiscal Year 2023-2024 budget are hereby adopted.
- **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED,** that the Six-Year Capital Improvement Plan proposed as part of the Fiscal Year 2023-2024 budget is hereby approved as an illustrative list of possible future City projects.

RESOLVED this 8th day of May 2023.

Staff Report for Council Agenda Item

Agenda Item: NB #3 Meeting Date: May 8, 2023

TO: Mayor Leeming and Council Members

FROM: Dan Coss, City Administrator

DATE: May 4, 2023

RE: SCCMUA 2022 Fund Balance

FACTS: SCCMUA has provided the City of DeWitt with their December 31, 2022, fiscal year-ending audit, which contains \$20,642.00 in unrestricted funds for disposition in Collection System and \$1,107.00 for the Industrial Pretreatment Program, totaling \$21,749.00.

As discussed during the budget sessions, the city's October 2023 debt payment for the SRF projects is expected to be \$23,428.00. This amount was not included in the city's 2023 budget for SCCMUA due to the uncertainty of when the bond closing would actually happen.

Due to the debt payment not being included in the 2023 Budget, the recommendation is to keep the \$21,749 at SCCMUA and reserve an additional \$1,680.00 from the city's unrestricted reserves to cover the October 2023 debt payment.

If approved, this would leave a balance of \$423,781 in the Collection System reserve account.

RECOMMENDED ACTION: To authorize keeping \$21,749.00 in 2022 unrestricted funds at SCCMUA and to further reserve the funds for the October 2023 SRF debt payment, in addition to reserving \$1,680.00 from the city's existing Collection System reserves to cover the total debt payment of \$23,428.00.

 MOTION BY:
 SECONDED BY:

 ROLL CALL VOTE:
 Cooper
 VanDyke

 Donohue
 Kellogg

 Hunsaker
 Whitman

Southern Clinton County Municipal Utilities Authority



3671 W. Herbison Rd • DeWitt, Michigan • 48820 • Phone: 517-669-8311 Fax: 517-669-9335

April 24, 2023

Ms. Lisa Grysen City of DeWitt 414 E. Main St DeWitt, MI 48820

Re: Recommendation for Disposition of Remaining 2022 Fund Balance

Dear Ms. Grysen,

Each year, excess funds in the remaining fund balances of various accounts held at the Authority are returned to the constituent Municipalities. The money has been applied in a variety of ways. Some municipalities have applied the funds against future payments; others have applied the funds to their lift station reserve. Around April-May of each year (after the audit) the Authority drafts a letter to each constituent municipality and requests direction regarding these remaining funds.

The 2022 SCCMUA Audit (after the Auditor applies any adjusting entries) revealed the following remaining "unrestricted net position":

Constituent	<u>Remaining Fund</u>	
Municipality	<u>Balance in 2022</u>	
City of DeWitt	\$ 20,642.00	
IPP Portion	\$ 1,107.00	

The Auditor defines the "unrestricted net position" as those funds which represent the remaining amounts that are available for general operating purposes for the specific functions.

Please review the current situation at your municipality and consider how you would like your remaining fund balance applied. Should you have any additional questions or comments, please feel free to contact me. I look forward to your reply on this matter.

Sincerely,

Lisa Mead Secretary/Treasurer

Cc: Dan Coss

Staff Report for Council Agenda Item

Agenda Item: NB #4 Meeting Date: May 8, 2023

TO: Mayor Leeming and Council Members

FROM: Dan Coss, City Administrator

DATE: May 4, 2023

RE: Distribution of Draft Master Plan

FACTS: The Planning Commission has formally completed its review of the Comprehensive Master Plan for the City of DeWitt. The commission, at their regular meeting on April 27, 2023, passed a motion to forward the draft plan to City Council with a recommendation for distribution.

The MI Planning Enable Act (MPEA) requires City Council to approve the distribution of the draft plan for a 63-day public review/comment period. Attached is an outline of the process to approve a master plan per the requirements of the MPEA, developed by our planners Beckett & Raeder, Inc. (BRI). The plan is currently on Steps 3-5.

A copy of the draft plan is attached for City Council's review. If the council approves the distribution of the plan the plan would be advertised for 63 days to receive public comments. As a part of the comment period the plan will be distributed to adjacent municipalities, all public utilities operating in the City of DeWitt, and the Downtown Development Authority.

At the completion of the comment period, the Planning Commission will hold a public hearing on the plan and take formal action on the plan.

City Council has the option of passing a resolution to require the Planning Commission to submit the plan to the City Council for final adoption. If the council would like that to be a part of the adoption process a resolution can be prepared for the May 22 meeting.

The plan revisions centered on updating the demographics, maps/tables, and the different planning areas throughout the city. With the development of The Woodlands, that planning area was removed from the Master Plan.

Councilmember VanDyke will be in attendance to give a brief overview of the process and some of the modifications made to the plan.

RECOMMENDED ACTION: Approval of Resolution #2023-05 approving the distribution of the draft community master plan as recommended by the DeWitt Planning Commission.

MOTION BY:		SECOND	ED BY:	_
ROLL CALL VOTE:	Cooper Donohue Hunsaker		VanDyke Kellogg Whitman	_

CITY OF DEWITT CITY COUNCIL

RESOLUTION #2023-05

A RESOLUTION BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF DEWITT RECOMMENDING THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE CITY OF DEWITT COMMUNITY MASTER PLAN

Minutes of a regular meeting of the DeWitt City Council of the City of DeWitt, Clinton County, Michigan, held in the DeWitt City Hall, 414 East Main Street, in said City, on MONDAY, MAY 8, 2023 at 7:00 PM.

PRESENT: Council Members:

ABSENT: Council Members:

The following preamble and resolution were offered by **Council Member** ______ and supported by **Council Member** ______.

WHEREAS, the Michigan Planning Enabling Act (MPEA) authorizes municipal planning commissions to prepare a "master plan" pertinent to the future development of the municipality; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission has prepared a draft master plan for the municipality, to update and replace its previous community master plan; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission at its April 27, 2023 meeting approved by motion recommending that the City Council authorize distribution of the draft master plan pursuant to the Michigan Planning Enabling Act (MPEA),

WHEREAS, the City Council authorizes the distribution of the draft Community Master Plan to the general public and the various entities as required by the MPEA, for review and comment purposes; and

WHEREAS, once the distribution period has expired the Planning Commission will convene a public hearing;

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, the City Council hereby authorizes distribution of the draft community master plan.

YAYS:

NAYS:

ABSENT:

RESOLUTION DECLARED ADOPTED: Lisa M. Grysen, City Clerk

CERTIFICATION: The forgoing resolution was certified at a regular meeting of the DeWitt City Council of the City of DeWitt held on May 8, 2023.

Lisa M. Grysen, DeWitt City Clerk

MASTER PLAN ADOPTION PROCESS

Per the Michigan Planning Enabling Act of 2008

в _{к ()} Beckett&Raeder

Planning Commission Initiates Update

The Planning Commission is the author of the master plan. It must review the master plan every 5 years and then decide whether to begin the process of amending the existing plan or adopting a new plan. The review findings must be recorded in the Planning Commission meeting minutes [MCL 125.3845(2)].

Intent to Plan Notifications

BRI sends out Intent to Plan notifications via first class mail, inviting comment from recipients. Notifications go to all entities listed in [MCL 125.3839(2)] including: neighboring municipalities; regional and county planning commissions; public utility, railroad, and public transportation agencies; county road commissions, and the state transportation department.

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Plan Submittal to Elected Body

After preparing the master plan, the Planning Commission submits a request (via a motion) to the elected body for distribution of the proposed master plan to the same entities initially contacted for the Intent to Plan notifications [MCL 125.3841(1)].

Distribution Approval

The elected body approves distribution of the proposed master plan (via formal resolution) for public and agency review, which sets the clock for the comment period: 63 days for a new plan or plan update [MCL 125.3841(3)] or 42 days for a minor plan amendment [MCL 125.3845 (1)(b)].



Master Plan Distribution

BRI sends the proposed master plan by first class mail, personal delivery, or electronic delivery for public and agency review [MCL 125.3841(2)].

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Review & Comment Period



All entities that received notification may submit comments during the comment period. It is best practice to make the plan available for public review during this period [MCL 125.3841(3)].



Public Hearing & Notice

The Planning Commission holds a public hearing on the proposed master plan at the end of the comment period. At least 15 days prior, the Planning Commission must give notice of the time and place of the public hearing to the general public via newspaper publication and to the entities that received a copy of the proposed master plan amendment [MCL 125.3843(1)].



Planning Commission Master Plan Approval

The Planning Commission approves the master plan by resolution, with affirmative votes from at least 2/3 of its members for a city or village and a majority of its members for a township or county. [MCL 125.3843(2)].

Planning Commission approval of the proposed master plan is the final step in the adoption process, unless the elected body has asserted the right to approve or reject the master plan (see step 9). If this is the case, the Planning Commission recommends that the elected body adopts the plan [MCL 125.3843(3)].

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Optional: Elected Body Master Plan Approval

An elected body may, by resolution, assert the right to approve or reject the proposed master plan (the municipality's clerk is responsible for maintaining a record of resolutions). If this is the case, then the elected body adopts the master plan by resolution. [MCL 125.3843(3)].







May 2023 DRAFT FOR DISTRIBUTION

INSERT RESOLUTION

Acknowledgements

B R i Beckett&Raeder

List of Maps/Tables/Figures

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Photo credit: City of DeWitt

1. Overview

Introduction

The City of DeWitt's future land use decisions will have a fundamental impact on the character and quality of life in the community. In recent decades, there has been a large increase in the amount of residential growth in the region. Although the Michigan economy has slowed considerably, DeWitt and the surrounding area is expected to continue growing. This growth pressure is expected to continue to impact DeWitt, the DeWitt School District, and other public services during the life of this Master Plan and beyond.

This Master Plan is intended to continue the City's efforts to protect and preserve qualities on which residents place great value while allowing the City to grow and prosper in a responsible manner.

What is a Master Plan?

A Master Plan is a document that pulls together the goals, desires, and vision of the community as they relate to land use. It acts as a "guide" for future land use decisions and provides a framework upon which the zoning ordinance, and any amendments, is based. The City of DeWitt Master Plan identifies and examines a wide range of physical issues including population, housing, public services, natural resources, traffic and circulation, utilities, and land use. The implications of each are analyzed and translated into a series of issues, goals, and recommendations for the City to follow. This effort culminates in the creation of a Future Land Use Plan, which identifies what the future land uses should be for all areas of the City for the next 5-10 years. The Future Land Use Plan is the result of, and based upon, the entire Master planning effort.

Why Do We Need a Master Plan and What Will it Do?

In short, the Master Plan is a well-thought-out document that is intended to give long-term guidance on the daily land-use decisions. Land uses and individual land use cases change over time. People request variances or question whether the Zoning Ordinance allows them to conduct a particular activity on their land. The Master Plan is a resource that may be referenced as the Planning Commission, Zoning Board of Appeals or the City Council look to resolve questions relating to land use.

The Differences Between a Master Plan and a Zoning Ordinance

The Master Plan provides general direction on the future development patterns, policies, and actions for community leaders to consider. While the Master Plan does not change the Zoning Ordinance or zoning of any property, some of the plan recommendations will be implemented through text and map amendments. Some of the other differences between the Master Plan and the Zoning Ordinance are listed in the table titled, "Master Plan vs. Zoning Ordinance."

Master Plan	Zoning Ordinance
Provides general policies, a guide.	Provides specific regulations, the law.
Describes what should happen in the future – recommended land use for the next 10 years, not necessarily the recommended use for today.	Describes what is and what is not allowed today, based on existing conditions.
Includes recommendations that involve other agencies and groups.	Deals only with development-related issues under City control.
Flexible to respond to changing conditions.	Fairly rigid, requires formal amendment to change.

Table XX: Master Plan vs. Zoning Ordinance

How Will the Master Plan Be Used?

The City Council, the Planning Commission, and the Zoning Board of Appeals will be the primary users of the Master Plan, using it as a guide in making land use decisions. Applicants seeking approval from any of these bodies will also find the Master Plan to be a valuable tool for understanding the long-term goals of the City. Other citizen committees may also use the Master Plan to assist them in their review of and land-use-related issues.

The Master Plan also acts as the starting point for all Zoning Ordinance updates and amendments. Michigan State law requires that the Zoning Ordinance and zoning amendments be based upon a Master Plan. The Master Plan gives a legal basis for zoning and identifies how the community is protecting the health, safety, and welfare of the population. If either the Zoning Ordinance or a decision of the Planning Commission or City Council is challenged in court, the Master Plan will help provide the planning rationale to support the land use regulation.

The City Council, Planning Commission, Zoning Board of Appeals, and the public should continuously reference the Master Plan in order to:

- » Review development proposals to confirm any given proposal meets all goals and objectives of the Master Plan.
- » Review rezoning requests to confirm the request is consistent with the City's criteria to consider rezonings including existing conditions, the future land use map, the appropriate timing of the change, consistency with the goals and policies of the Master Plan, and potential impacts on the City.
- » Provide a basis for amendments to the Zoning Ordinance and zoning map – to help realize and enforce plan goals.

- » Understand expectations for the future land use pattern and desired land use types in the community to guide new development and redevelopment.
- » Identify and recommend physical improvements to important resources such as roadways, streetscape and entryways, nonmotorized pathways, parks, and public facilities.
- » Provide specific design standards related to buildings, landscaping, and other site improvements for development and redevelopment throughout the community.

When Will the Master Plan Be Updated Again?

According to Michigan Law, Master Plans must be reviewed every five years. Amendments to the Plan may be made at that time or on a regular basis as changing conditions dictate. This Plan was adopted on MONTH XX, 2023; therefore, a statutory review of the Plan will be required no later than five years from the date of adoption.

The Future Land Use Plan, which is part of this Master Plan, may need to be updated more regularly as requests are made for changes in zoning designation. The correct way to deal with a request for such a change is to first examine the future land use designation to see if it matches the requested zoning classification. If it does not, then the Planning Commission should first consider whether conditions or circumstances have changed since the Master Plan was updated that dictate an amendment to the Future Land Use Plan. If conditions have not changed, then the request for a Master Plan amendment should be denied. Likewise, the request for a zone change should also be denied. All zoning actions should be based upon the direction of the Master Plan.



Cabin Fever Reliever Photo credit: City of DeWitt



Downtown Ferris Wheel during the Ox Roast. Photo credit: City of DeWitt



Santa Run during the Christmas Market. Photo credit: City of DeWitt



Photo credit: City of DeWitt

2. Existing Conditions

Demographics & Housing

Population

Between 1990 and 2000, Dewitt experienced a large growth spurt, welcoming 738 new residents over the decade. Since 2000, when the last demographic update was completed for the City's Master Plan, the population has remained largely the same. According to the 2020 Decennial Census, the population has experienced a very slight increase over the past twenty years from 4,702 to 4,776 residents. However, between 2010 and 2020, Dewitt Township grew rapidly from 14,321 (2010 Table P1) to approximately 15,073, a gain of 752 residents. In that same period, Clinton County grew by about 3,900 residents (2010 & 2020 Decennial Census Count). Part of these population changes may be attributed to the sustained growth in Lansing, and its immediate adjacency to Dewitt Township.¹

Age

In 2021, the median age in the city was 44.8 years compared to 35.4 years old in 2010 (S0101). The table "Life Stages, 2010-2021" demonstrates more clearly why the median age has risen – the largest percentage jump was among seniors, and the largest declines were among children and young adults. When looking at the projections for 2025, even greater change is seen at each end of the age spectrum: a steadied reduction of children and a guicker rise in seniors. If the projections are correct, then the senior population would more than double in just 15 years. Another consideration for an aging community is that disabled persons are concentrated among the senior age cohort. In DeWitt, 9.1% of the residents have a physical or mental disability, and nearly one-third are among people aged 65 years or older. Aging communities are a common trend in Michigan, and if it is not balanced by other life stages, can have implications for how to plan for housing and services tailored to seniors.

Households

As of 2021, there were 1,855 households, 72.4% of which were considered families. While Dewitt remains a family-kind-of-town, the percentage of family households has shrunk since 2000

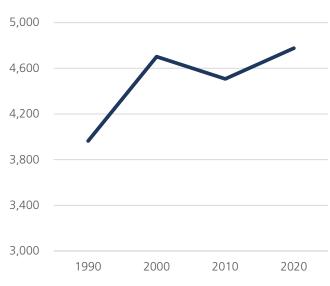


Figure XX: Population Change, 1990-2020

Source: 2010 Master Plan, 2020 Census

Table XX: Life Stages, 2010 - 2021

Life Stages	2010	2021	2025
Children (19 and younger)	31.5%	22.1%	22.5%
Young adults (20s)	12.8%	12.0%	10.0%
Family formation (30-44)	19.1%	16.2%	20.8%
Empty nesters (45-64)	27.7%	31.9%	25.4%
Seniors (65+)	8.8%	17.7%	21.2%

ACS 5- Year Estimates S0101, ESRI Report "Age by Sex Profile"

Family Household: A householder and one or more people living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption.

Nonfamily Household: A householder living alone, or where the householder shares the home with people to whom he/she is not related.

Table XX: Household Composition, 2021

Type of Household	Dewitt	Clinton County	Michigan	U.S.
Total households	1,855	30,835	3,976,729	124,010,992
Family households with children under the age of 18	28.4%	28.3%	25.4%	27.2%
Family households	72.4%	68.1%	63.4%	65.1%
Married couple families	60.7%	55.1%	46.8%	47.8%
Single parent	11.7%	13.0%	16.6%	17.3%
Nonfamilies	27.6%	31.9%	36.6%	34.9%
Householders living alone	21.5%	24.4%	29.9%	28.1%
Living alone over age 65	8.3%	10.5%	12.3%	11.2%

Source: 2021 ACS 5-Year Estimates

Table XX: Socioeconomic Indicators, 2021

Indicator	Dewitt	Clinton County	Michigan	U.S.	
Education					
High school graduate (equivalency)	97.4%	95.3%	91.6%	88.9%	
Bachelor's degree	28.1%	20.6%	18.6%	20.6%	
Advanced degree	18.3%	12.0%	12.0%	13.1%	
Income	Income				
Median household income	\$90,382	\$76,161	\$63,202	\$69,021	
Median family income	\$109,438	\$92,900	\$80,365	\$85,028	
Poverty					
All people	2.1%	8.5%	13.3%	12.6%	

Source: 2021 ACS 5-Year Estimates

when families comprised 80.5% of households. This rise of nonfamily households is occurring nationwide. Nonfamily households, defined as unrelated roommates and persons living alone, are growing for several reasons: delayed marriage, longer lifespans, and a need to share housing costs with others. The average household size was 2.7 persons, and the average family size was 3.1 persons, showing practically no change since 2010. The trend was likely already in motion for families; in 1990, an average family size was 3.35 persons, and the change is consistent with an increase in nonfamily households.

Education and Income

Education and income are highly correlated. For the population over the age of 25, 97.4% graduated high school, 46.5% have a bachelor's degree or higher, and 18.3% have an advanced degree (2021 DP02). Compared to 2000, the level of educational attainment has climbed by noticeable margins. Likely as a result, the median household income is \$90,382 and the median family income is \$109,438 (2021 DP03), representing a rise of about \$30,000 and \$27,000, respectively, in 18 years. While these increases represent modest increases on an annual basis, it shows consistent income growth. When compared to Clinton County, Dewitt's median

household and family income is nearly \$14,000 and \$16,000 higher, respectively. Correspondingly, 2.1% of the population live under the poverty rate, a significant drop from 2000 when it was 4.3%.

Housing

According to the City Assessor, there are a total of 1,622 residential units in DeWitt. The percentage of single-family units remains high at 78.6%, indicating that almost all new housing development took this format. In 2020, an "age in place" center was developed that offers independent living for seniors in duplexes and multi-family units with memory care assistance, which would not yet be reflected in census figures. Aside from single-family housing, the remaining units are spread amongst single-attached units, duplexes, triplex and quadplex, and buildings that range from 5 to 19 units.

Housing Supply and Demand

The Michigan State Housing Development Authority (MSHDA) released a report in 2019 that analyzed the housing markets by region. Dewitt belongs to the southcentral region with Clinton, Ingham, and Eaton counties. It found that the region is not ready for the growth it is experiencing due to a lack of housing stock. It is expected that between 2020 and 2025, households in the region are expected to grow by 3% (the largest growth expected to come from seniors followed by age group $35-44)^2$ – to match that growth, new housing construction is needed, but in previous years could not keep pace. For example, between 2011 and 2016, the total number of housing units grew by 1,119, a 1% change,³ and the population grew by 9,961 during that time, or 2% (2011 & 2016 ACS 1-Year Estimates). On top of that, 1,200 units had been removed from the housing market as they are used for second homes, vacation homes, or housing for migratory workers, and another 6,857 were vacant.⁴ This leaves a major gap in housing supply, and amps up demand for the remaining units.

Using data from the Multiple Listing Service, the MSHDA report found a strong market for single-family homes and condominiums. The demands for these housing types is evidenced by a drop in the median days on the market, despite the median sales price rising between 2012 and 2018.⁵ During this period, the construction of new single-family

Table XX: Single Family and Condominium Demand

Tri County Region	Changes 2012- 2018
Single Family	
Average # annual sales	9,882
Sales price	Increased 50%
Days on market	Decreased by 41%
Average size	2,200 sq ft
Condominiums	·
Average # annual sales	962
Sales price	Increased by 25%
Days on market	Decreased by 51%
Average size	1,500 sq ft

Source: MSHDA

homes slowed (-33%) while the construction of new condominiums rose (617%), indicating growing demand for smaller units.⁶ MSHDA's report also found that newer homes sold for 34% more than units built between 1970 and 1990,⁷ showing both the premium on newer homes and the higher cost of new construction.

In DeWitt, during a three-year period (October 2017 – October 2020), 271 homes were sold for an average sales price of \$223,861. Interestingly, the average home sold in that time period was built in 1964. Reflective of this time period, the median floor area is just under 1,600 square feet, and the average floor area is about 1,658 square feet, indicating that about half of the homes purchased are closer to the "starter home" size. In Dewitt, the size of a home and its sales price are highly, positively correlated: the bigger the home, the greater the sales price. This is not always true in urban settings where a condominium downtown could outsell a larger home on the periphery – a recipe for sprawl.

Housing Cost and Cost Burden

The median housing value in DeWitt is \$220,000, over \$20,000 more than Clinton County. Despite higher incomes and higher housing values, there are still 9.6% of homeowners who spend more than 30% of their income on their mortgage. By Housing and Urban Development standards, this would constitute a "cost-burdened" household.

Table XX: Housing Indicators, 2021

Housing	Dewitt	Clinton County	Michigan	U.S.	
Cost-burden					
Homeowners	9.6%	15.8%	24.3%	22.0%	
Renters	33.4%	42.6%	48.7%	49.4%	
Housing Value					
Median housing value	\$220,000	\$197,400	\$172,100	\$244,900	
Median gross rent	\$918	\$906	\$946	\$1,163	
Tenure					
Owner-occupied	78.2%	81.7%	72.2%	64.6%	
Renter-occupied	21.8%	18.3%	27.8%	35.4%	

Source: 2021 ACS 5-Year Estimates, DP04

Cost-burden is even higher among the 21% of renters in Dewitt; about 33.4% of renters are "overpaying" for housing, relative to their income.

With shrinking household sizes, an aging population, and considerable cost-burdened housing, homes no longer need to have such a large footprint. In 2018, this was finally reflected in the average size of new construction as a reduction of about 110 square feet (2,689 to 2,576); as the production of smaller units increases, the average home size drops.⁸ With that comes the benefits of a smaller unit that can bring down costs and provide a greater variety of housing types for young professionals, empty nesters, and seniors.

Connection to Demographics

- » An aging population indicates that senior housing is needed, and greater attention should be paid to universal design.
- New construction housing could induce population growth – a greater variety of housing types and price points are needed, while maintaining single-family homes as the dominate housing type.

Sources

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- 2 Michigan State Housing and Development Authority. "Companion Report: Key Trends and Measures by Prosperity Region." March 2019. Page 200
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Introduction

All elements of a city may be classified as the built environment or the natural environment. The quality of their interaction, for example, treelined streets, riverfront access, and open space illustrate how the integration of city and nature is necessary for creating desirable places to live. On a more fundamental level, the union of these two elements must be carefully considered to protect residents' health, safety, and welfare, meaning that development permitted in the city limits should also consider natural features protection and preservation.

Water

The City of DeWitt is located within the Looking Glass River Watershed that goes on to cover 309 square miles and eventually drains into Lake Michigan.¹ The Looking Glass River, the 71-mile centerpiece of the watershed that runs through the center of the city, brings with it the rewards and risks of any waterbody: easy access to water and recreation, and greater chances of flooding. Rivers are encased in a floodway, a 1% annual flood hazard, and usually a 0.2% annual flood hazard. There are currently 206 parcels within both the floodway and 1% annual flood hazard as a result of denser parcels concentrated along the river. However, due to their heightened risk of flooding. these parcels are protected by the additional regulations and a permitting process. Moreover, parcels adjacent to the river have a required 25-foot natural feature setback from the ordinary highwater mark that has adequately buffered structures from damage post-storm.

The extent of the floodway and the 1% annual flood hazard are based on the Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) estimates of the likelihood an area is to flood -1% refers to an area having a chance of flooding once in 100 years. These estimates are based on historic data and therefore do not include up-to-date climate patterns that call for more frequent and intense storms. Recent research has found that these estimates have greatly undercounted the number of parcels at risk of flood, and that incidents of flooding are projected to get worse by 2050. The updated model examined each county in the nation and found that in Clinton County, the percent change in the number of properties affected by flooding between 2020 and 2050 is expected to see a 49.7% increase.² It is becoming increasingly true that to avoid catastrophic effects of flooding, cities would need to exceed state and federal standards.

There are ways that developed areas can mitigate the impacts of heavy precipitation. Regional cooperation is the first step. The City of DeWitt is a member of the Greater Lansing Regional Committee for Stormwater Management (GLRC), a committee that guides implementation of the stormwater program for participating communities within the Grand River, Red Cedar River, and Looking Glass Watershed.



Riverside Bridge Photo credit: City of DeWitt

Because DeWitt falls into the Looking Glass Watershed, best management practices would dictate that its natural resource goals should align with the 2008 Watershed Management Plan (WMP). Some of the biggest findings from the WMP were translated into goals for the region: reduce the impacts of nonpoint source pollution, protect wetlands, protect groundwater, and improve recreational opportunities in the watershed (while not degrading its integrity).

DeWitt's Zoning Ordinance includes a section on stormwater management with standards reviewed by a gualified engineer prior to development approval. Because the standards require onsite retention, they help to reduce runoff and nonpoint source pollution from entering water bodies. Building practices, such as pervious pavement, bioswales, and rain barrels can significantly reduce runoff, and should be practices required in the Zoning Ordinance where feasible or impactful. Secondly, the subdivision ordinance has a clause that prevents areas prone to flood from being platted as determined by the Planning Commission.³ Additionally, public investment in vegetation along riparian corridors helps to stabilize the shoreline and filter runoff to keep water quality high.

Some areas for improvement for stormwater management were mentioned in the 2008 WMP: 50% of the city has storm drainage; open ditches and natural flow patterns are used in the remainder.

Soils & Topography

Soil type and topography are important factors for determining development potential. Fortunately, in both cases, neither are substantial hinderances to development in DeWitt. The city's soil types are primarily loam and sandy loam and their capacity to drain ranges from somewhat poor to well drained sands. Between the two soils, they account for nearly 94% of the city's soil profile which indicates that soil is not a hugely limiting factor for development. Conversely, development has an impact on soil, most commonly in the form of erosion, or the degradation of topsoil over time from water, wind, and mass movement. The Clinton County Building Department claims that for every acre under construction, over a dump truck of soil finds its way into a county drain if erosion controls are not in effect. For that reason, soil

erosion control measures are embedded in the site plan review process but managed by the County through a permitting process. A permit is required generally with earth change within 500 feet of a lake, stream, or regulated wetland and for parcels larger than an acre.⁴

DeWitt is not marked by steep gradients. According to Clinton County, DeWitt does not see more than 50 feet of grade change throughout the city. It sits at 800 to 850 ft above sea level, and the gentle landscape is amenable to different development types.

Wetlands & Woodlands

Wetlands are a vital part of stormwater management as they are nature's sponge that absorbs excess stormwater. According to the Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy (EGLE), DeWitt does not have a wetland ordinance on file with the state agency. Generally, EGLE regulates wetlands that are 5 acres or greater that are located within 500 feet or connected to a lake, pond, stream, or river. While many of DeWitt's wetlands are adjacent to water, there are 25 wetlands that are less than five acres and could use additional protection through a local ordinance.

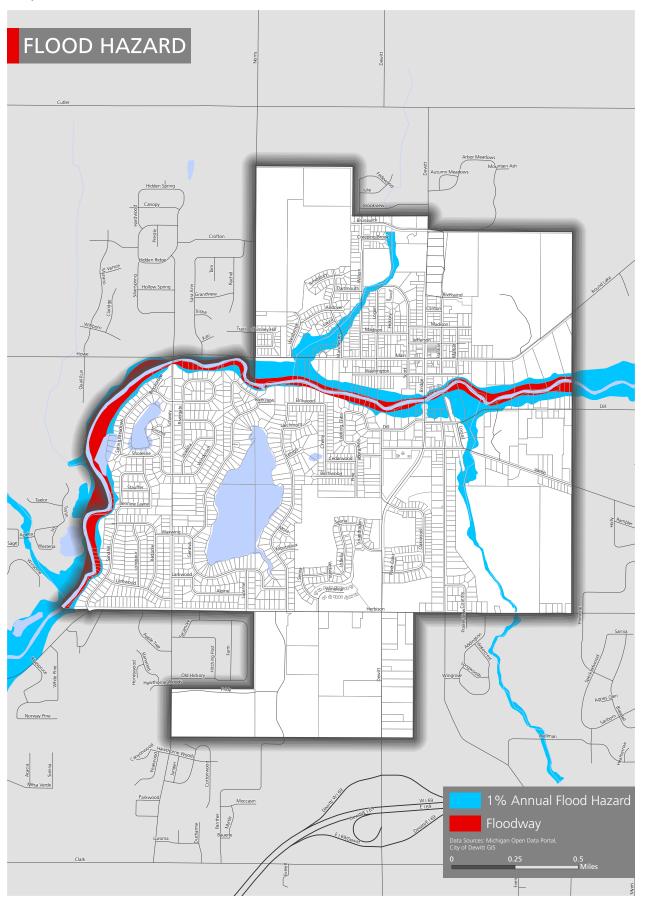
DeWitt's woodlands are scattered throughout the city mostly as deciduous stands and often near wetlands. The city has been designated a Tree City by the National Arbor Day Foundation for seventeen years . To be awarded this title, a city must meet four standards:

- » Have a tree board or department
- » Have a tree care ordinance
- » A comprehensive community forestry program
- » Observe Arbor Day

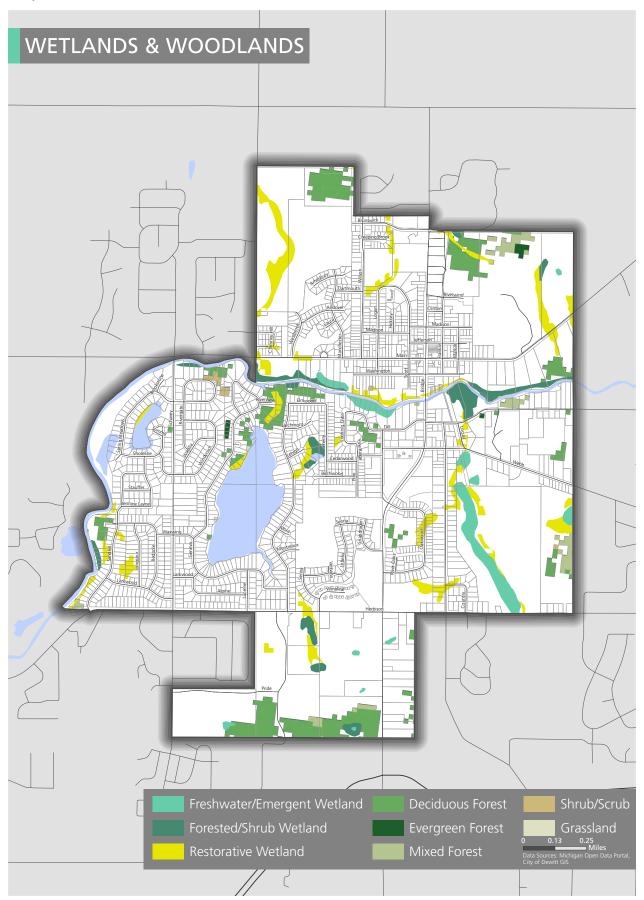
Having said that, only about 5% of the land is wooded. The integration of more trees into the landscape is exceedingly beneficial in not only beautification but in terms of habitat restoration and stormwater management. Rain gardens, planter boxes, green roofs, and tree canopy that break up impervious surfaces are ways to create a fertile ground for specie replenishment and reducing instances of flooding in hardscaped areas. When applicable, such standards can be applied and enforced through the Zoning Ordinance.

Existing Conditions

Map XX: Flood Hazard



Map XX: Wetlands & Woodlands



LEED Neighborhoods

The Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design, known as LEED, is a framework designed to measure the sustainability and performance of a building. More recently LEED has developed a neighborhood development (LEED ND) guide as a more holistic approach to fighting our environmental challenges at a larger scale. Because the world is only expected to become more urbanized, there must be green interventions to ensure that we are protecting the resources we rely on. LEED's guidelines can be used as incentives through the Zoning Ordinance to encourage the major more sustainable development. In the LEED ND rating system, the major prerequisites and credits are categorized as Smart Location and Linkage (SLL), Neighborhood Pattern and Design (NPD), and Green Infrastructure and Buildings (GIB).⁵ These three criteria combined express the power of smart land use and design on mitigating our impact on the environment.

» SLL (where to build) – The intent is to encourage development within and near existing communities and public transit infrastructure, to encourage improvement and redevelopment of existing cities while limiting the development footprint in the region, to reduce vehicle trips and vehicle distance traveled, and to reduce the incidence of obesity, heart disease, and hypertension through daily physical activity associated with walking and bicycling.

- » NPD (what to build) The intent is to make efficient use of land to curb suburban sprawl, which consumes and fragments the rural landscape along with watersheds, wildlife habitat, and prime farmland, to mix land uses, to provide a wide range of housing, and design spaces for a variety of ages and abilities, to build walkable and bikeable streets with reduced surface parking lots to reduce car dependency, and to provide access to green and open space.
- » GIB (how to manage environmental impacts) – The intent is to encourage green buildings that are water-efficient, well landscaped for stormwater management, featured as much reused materials as possible, prevent pollution during construction, mitigate the heat island effect, maximize wind and solar energy through building orientation, and use renewable energy sources.

Sources

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- 5 U.S Green Building Council. "A Citizen's Guide to LEED for Neighborhood Development: How to Tell if Development is Smart and Green." https://www.nrdc.org/sites/default/files/citizens_guide_LEED-ND.pdf

Community facilities and services may not be top of mind for residents selecting a place to live, but the physical and social infrastructure of a city keeps DeWitt a fun and functional place to live. It is the balance of high-quality essential services like water and sewer, and the beautiful open spaces to recreate that allow residents to live here comfortably.

Municipal Water

Approximately one-half of the city is provided with municipal water services. The city's municipal water system dates to the early 1970s when the first water mains were first installed. Since then, the system has been expanded through either private development with residential subdivisions or through projects undertaken by the city.

In 2000, the City of DeWitt and DeWitt Charter Township entered into a cooperative agreement with the Lansing Board of Water and Light (BWL) to provide conditioned and fluoridated water to the residents. Although the City of DeWitt owns the municipal water mains and hydrants located in the city, the BWL is responsible for operating and maintaining the municipal water system. The water from the BWL comes from the Saginaw Aquifer, one of the finest natural sources of groundwater ever discovered.¹ However, the aquifer is susceptible to contamination from human activity.

BWL Fast Facts

125 wells ~400 ft deep 2 water conditioning plants 166,000 population served 40,450 wholesale population served

- 834 miles of water mains
- 19.2 million gallons per day average use

Sewer

Most of the City is provided with municipal sanitary sewer services. The City's original sanitary sewer system was constructed in the 1960's. Sanitary sewage generated in the City is treated at the Clean Water Plant, which is operated by the Southern Clinton County Municipal Utilities Authority (SCCMUA). SCCMUA was formed by the City of DeWitt, the City of Bath, DeWitt Charter Township, and Watertown Charter Township to address the need for a regional wastewater treatment plant. The Clean Water Plant can treat up to 5,000,000 gallons of sanitary sewage a day, and the city owns approximately 12% of the treatment capacity in the Clean Water Plant.

SCCMUA discharges into the Looking Glass River in Clinton County and maintains a current National Pollutant Discharge Eliminating System permit. The operation of SCCMUA is governed by a ten-member Board of Commissioners comprised of individuals representing the four constituent municipalities with one representative from the city.

Community Services

Public Safety

- » The DeWitt Police Department includes six fulltime sworn officers.
- » The DeWitt Area Emergency Services Authority (DAESA) is responsible for delivering fire and emergency medical services to residents of the City of DeWitt, Olive Township, and Riley Township.

Public Services

The Department of Public Services is comprised of five staff and is responsible for a wide range of services including the cemetery, roads, parks grounds and facilities, streets, and yard waste.

Parks and Recreation

DeWitt has five parks with the following amenities:

- » Memorial Park gazebo
- » Riverside Park pavilion, restrooms, picnic tables, BBQ grills, play structure, universally accessible playground, canoe launch
- » River Trail Park pavilion, restrooms, picnic tables, BBQ grill, play structure
- » McGuire Park pavilions, restrooms, picnic tables, BBQ grills, play structures
- » Sports Park pavilion, restrooms, picnic tables, BBQ grill, play structures, soccer field, softball fields.
- » Community Room located in City Hall, a versatile recreation room for classes, events, and socializing

In a joint effort with DeWitt Charter Township, the DeWitt Area Recreation Authority (DARA) formed in 2003 and is responsible for delivering recreation programs while the City continues to maintain its parks. As a part of this partnership, DARA and the City of DeWitt are coordinating senior services at the new Community Room.



All Kids Playground Photo credit: City of DeWitt



Path in Cemetery Photo credit: City of DeWitt

Source

1 Lansing Board of Water and Light. 2019 Annual Water Quality Report. https://www.lbwl.com/sites/default/files/ documents/2020-05/wqr2020.pdf

Introduction

By car, DeWitt is easily accessible in the region due to its proximity to Lansing and the supporting infrastructure built to connect the capital region. The city is a short trip to I-69 that connects to I-96 and US-127, both which span the entire state, east to west, and north to south, respectively. Within the region, DeWitt residents have the option to avoid the highway system to get to Lansing or the Capital Region International Airport as there are connective thoroughfares that provide direct routes to both locations. In a short amount of time, DeWitt can access an employment-, entertainment-, and retail-rich region.

National Functional Classification and Road Ownership

The National Functional Classification is a system created by the United State Department of Transportation. The road designations determine if a road is eligible for federal funds. In DeWitt, minor arterials and major collectors are eligible for federal funding.

Along arterials and collector roads, the annual average daily traffic (AADT) is recorded by the Michigan Department of Transportation. The most heavily transited road, DeWitt Road, connects I-69 to the downtown, carrying on average 7,415 vehicles daily.¬ On top of that, another 3,647 (from west to east) vehicles pass through Main Street daily for an estimated 11,000 vehicles passing through the downtown. This type of exposure to downtown is a boon for businesses, as it represents a far greater vehicle total than the city's population as potential clientele. Local and private roads often do not keep track of roads counts as they generally only serve the households on those roads.

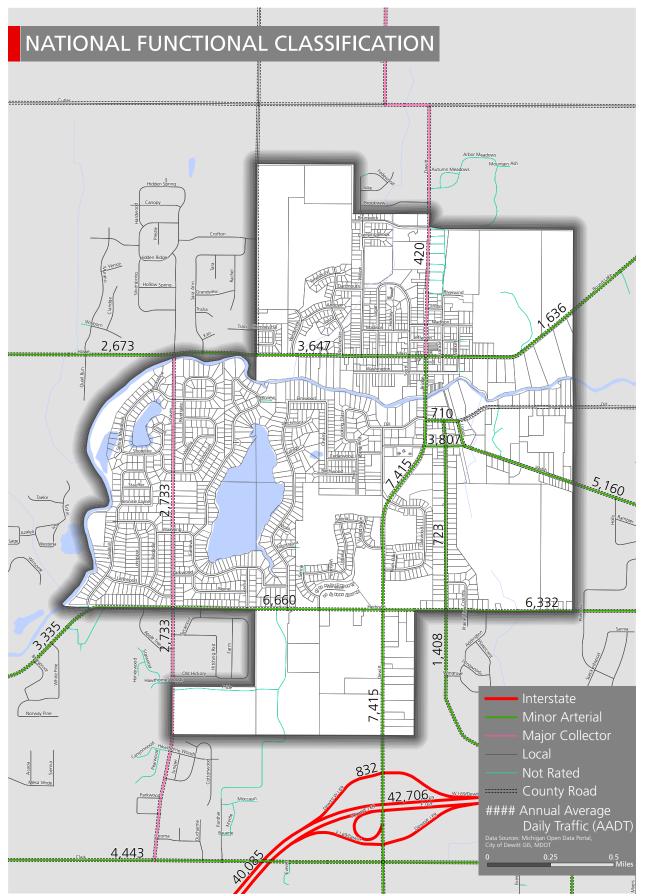
Road Condition

The Pavement Surface Evaluation and Rating System, known as PASER, is a widely used system for visually rating the surface condition of roads on a scale of 1 to 10. The Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) uses the system to rate both federal-aid eligible and noneligible roads but does not rate local roads or "not a certified public road." In this case, the unrated roads are likely private subdivision roads that are maintained separately. The majority of roads in DeWitt are in fair or good condition. In several instances, the roads do not belong to the city, but rather are maintained by Clinton County. In those instances, the city is not responsible for their upkeep but can work with the county for the timing and extent of repairs needed. The PASER map is a tool for determining when and where road repairs should occur; generally

Road	Road Classification Description		Roads in DeWitt
Eligible for federal funds	Minor arterial	Provide important roadway links to major activity areas; primary function is to move traffic between neighborhoods, employment, and shopping	Herbison Rd, DeWitt Dr, Webb Dr, Locust St, Bridge St, Turner Rd, Main St
Eligible fo fur	Major collector	Serve to gather traffic from local roads (and subdivision streets) and deliver to arterial roads. Collectors provide access to abutting properties.	N. Bridge St, Schavey Rd
Not eligible	Local streets	Primarily provide access to individual properties and access; generally short and connect to collector streets	Franklin St, Market St, Cherry St

Table XX: Road Classifications





Map XX: PASER

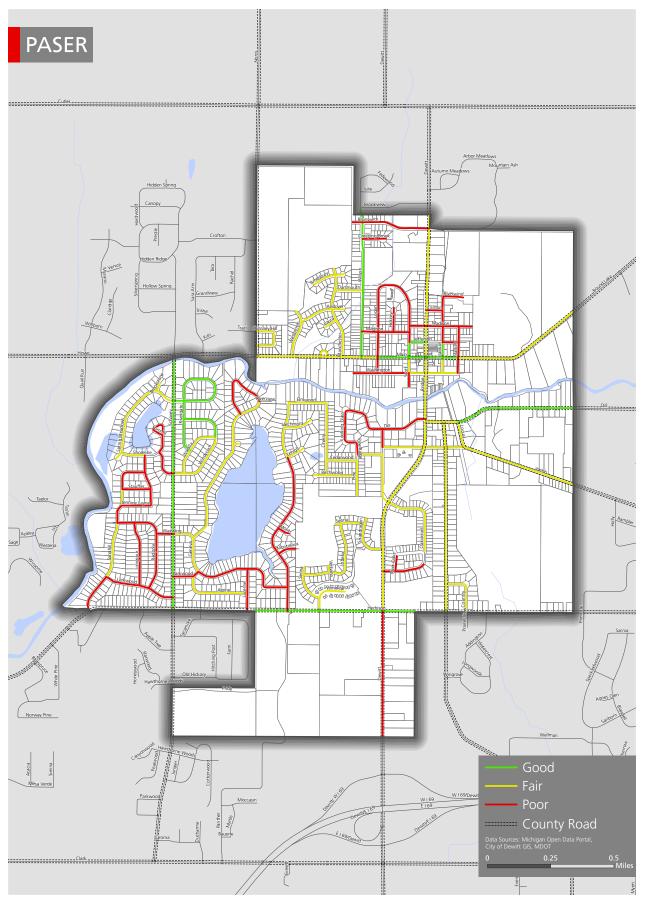


Table XX: Road Conditions

Condition	Length (ft)	% of Road
Good	20,986	14%
Fair	60,645	41%
Poor	40,341	27%
Unrated	26,068	18%

Source: PASER (MDOT)

the worse condition a road is in, then the more expensive it is to repair. Therefore, a goal should be to not allow any roads to fall into poor condition which requires a robust database of road conditions and ample funding.

In a region as developed as the tri-county, transportation planning is best done at a larger scale so that it is coordinated across jurisdictional boundaries. The Tri-County Regional Planning Commission has created a Transportation Improvement Program scheduled between 2020 to 2023. During that period, a segment of DeWitt Road and the western portion of Herbison Road are scheduled to be improved.¹

Nonmotorized Network

In 1998, the City of DeWitt Planning Commission adopted a Bicycle and Pedestrian Pathway System Plan that it is still uses to implement projects today. The plan assists the city in determining how public funds available for nonmotorized transportation should be used. Based on community engagement and an inventory of conditions, a map was created that shows the locations for primary and secondary priorities for improvement (excluding the downtown). Since then, five miles of bicycle and pedestrian pathways have been installed with a remaining two to go. Between 2010 and 2019, there have been zero reported crashes with a pedestrian or bicyclist.²

Nonmotorized paths are integral to transportation planning. Often, they have been thought of in terms of recreation, and rarely as a means to arrive to a destination, yet nonmotorized travel, when well-planned and well maintained, takes cars off the road, offers greater choice in travel, and serve as a form of exercise. Investment in sidewalks, bicycle paths, and multi-use paths is a win win.

Commuting

There has been little change in modes of commuting since 2010. Then, approximately 90% of the workforce commuted by driving alone, and in 2018, about 91.5% commuted this way. It was reported in 2018 that 1.5% of workers aged 16 years and older worked from home. With the arrival of COVID-19 forcing many to work from home in 2020, and the long-term implications still unknown, it is difficult to say with a degree of certainty how this figure will change. It is likely this number will be significantly higher than previous decades, and that working from homes remains status quo even after the virus is controlled. Some predictions estimate that up to one in six workers will work from home at least two days a week.³ If that were the case, then 10 times more workers will be spending part of the week in DeWitt than just two years ago.

As of 2018, the census application "on the map" estimates that about one-third of workers commute to Lansing and East Lansing. With residents working from home more often, the barrier between business that residents routinely commute to near their place of employment and the business down the street from their house, may be removed. It remains to be seen if residents staying local more often could have a positive impact on downtown businesses as their access to bigger markets is diminished. This change is worth monitoring the impacts on the local economy.

Another possible positive impact is that residents can reduce the amount of their income spent on transportation costs. Despite high median household incomes, residents are spending on average between 22-29% of their income on transportation (car payment, insurance, maintenance, parking), driving on average 23,187 miles annually, when the recommendation is not to exceed 15%.⁴

Public Transit

The County provides the only public transportation provided in DeWitt. Known as the "Blue Bus," it is a publicly funding, curb to curb, fully accessible, demand response service with no fixed schedule or routes. Their ridership for 2019 reported the following break down for reasons for trip taking, showing the importance of this service for residents without vehicles to perform essential tasks:

- » 30% Shopping/Errands
- » 23% Employment
- » 23% School/Training
- » 13% Medical
- » 11% Recreation⁵

The Future of Mobility

The rise of car sharing, electric vehicles, and autonomous vehicles (AVs) is predicted to change mobility in several ways. First, it is anticipated that car ownership will shift from privately owned to shared mobility – the most extreme predictions anticipate a "car free" generation within the next twenty years. If fewer people own vehicles and have access to on demand pick-ups and drop-offs – do cities need as much dedicated parking? The reduction of space dedicated to parking has been reimagined as lanes of drop off and pick zones, or in instances of larger surface lots, transformed into other development, mobility hubs, or public open space.

Secondly, the infrastructure that accommodates cars will likely change – because AVs are expected to be smaller in size and driven more precisely, travel lanes can be narrowed. As vehicles themselves transition to electric models, a vast network of electric charging stations will be needed to fuel travel. Currently, Michigan offers 480 publicly accessible charge stations that offer 1,400 charging outlets, in addition to 146 private charge stations.⁶ With fewer cars on the road, less

Mobility Hubs

Places of connectivity where different travel options come together: walking, biking, transit, and shared mobility. The hub provides an integrated suite of mobility services, amenities, and supporting technology to connect highfrequency transit to an individual's origin of destination.

Source: SANDAG

right-of-way can be dedicated to vehicles. This will allow more space to be shared with bicycle and pedestrian networks. AVs will be equipped to communicate with others to improve traffic flow and intersection efficiency. This will allow users to do other things while the AV navigates to destinations, meaning that signage and signalization designed to direct humans may no longer needed to direct AVs.⁷

It is incumbent upon DeWitt, and cities across the country, to monitor how this new technology develops and that it works with the Tri County Regional Planning Commission to coordinate a plan and regional rollout of any infrastructure or ordinance updates to accommodate this new form of mobility. As the city monitors these changes, it will need to consider changes to parking formulas, signage, and provisions for electric charging.



Bridge Walk Photo credit: City of DeWitt



Source: American Planning Association

Sources

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Introduction

Economic development can be a challenging part of community planning as local markets depend on regional, state, and national economic policy. Many aspects of economic development are outside of a city's control, for example, employer's wages and benefits, national investment in infrastructure, and educational institutions' training and curricula to name a few. In a Master Plan, economic development focuses on employment composition and residents' spending habits to determine suitable land uses and businesses for DeWitt's market. In the city, downtown is the primary focus area for commercial change and will be the focus for recommendations.

Employment Composition

Over the nine-year period between 2010 to 2019, there have been a few noticeable changes in employment sector growth. To start, DeWitt is well situated for job access, according to the Tri County Regional Planning Commission's Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS), as the capital region ranks two out of ten Michigan regions for labor force growth and GDP growth. The leading industries in the capital region are:

- » Education
- » Manufacturing
- » Insurance
- » Health care
- » Government¹

The table titled "Employment Sectors for DeWitt Residents, 2010-2019" shows that in 2019, DeWitt's residents worked in "education, health care, and social assistance" and in "professional and management services" at a greater proportion of the population than in 2010. When comparing DeWitt residents to the region, there is some clear overlap in the areas of finance, health care, and scientific services. This is to say that DeWitt is generally moving in the same direction as the

% 2010	% 2019	% Change
0.8	1.3*	62.5
6.3	3.1*	- 50.0
10.6	11.5	0.08
1.0	3.2*	220.0
12.5	4.5*	- 64.0
3.3	3.0*	- 0.09
4.1	0.4*	- 90.2
6.3	10.6	68.2
4.1	11.2	173.0
22.7	29.1	28.2
4.7	7.0	48.9
7.8	4.7*	- 39.7
15.9	10.6	-33.3
	0.8 6.3 10.6 1.0 12.5 3.3 4.1 6.3 4.1 22.7 4.7 7.8	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

Table XX: Employment Sectors for DeWitt Residents, 2010-2019

*high margin of error

Source: ACS 2019 5-Year Estimates

region with a diversified job market that shows promise of growth for the foreseeable future. Some sectors have not fared as well during this time period. Retail has taken a large hit, as has construction. This will have an impact on downtowns that rely heavily on retail and in growing areas in need of new development.

DeWitt has a high labor participation rate; as of 2019, 72% of the population over the age of 16 were working. However, this is subject to change as the population ages, this number is expected to shrink, unless retirees move out of the community and are replaced with workers at the same rate.

Another important finding from the CEDS is that 60% of businesses in the greater Lansing area have between 1-4 employees; small businesses fit into DeWitt's small-town footprint.² As a bedroom community, DeWitt is not positioning itself as a corporate headquarters, but rather as community with a boutique downtown with local businesses.

Retail Spending

DeWitt is not an employment hub, but the jobs residents hold give insight into their discretionary incomes and spending habits. Due to relatively higher median household incomes than the county, state, and nation, DeWitt residents spend higher than the national average in every retail and service category as shown in the table titled "Retail and Service Spending." The column "spending potential index" is household-based and represents the amount spent for a product or service relative to the national average of 100. For 2026, spending in every category is expected to grow. With that said, most of this money is being spent outside of the city limits. Except for "building materials, garden equipment, and supply stores," all other retail sectors are "leaking," meaning that money is leaving DeWitt to purchase these goods elsewhere.

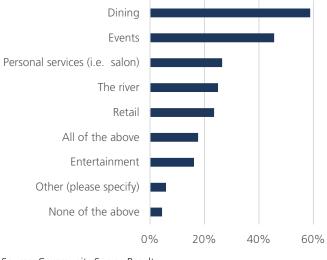
Where there is a retail leakage, there is an opportunity for DeWitt to bring that business to its downtown. While commercial vacancy is low in the downtown, staying abreast of how residents spend is a critical link to business recruitment. With this information in hand, should a business leave a storefront vacant, the city and DDA know what type of retail and services to target to occupy the space that meets its residents needs and preferences.

Table XX: Retail and Service Spending

Retail & Services	Spending Potential Index
Apparel and Services	142
Computer	140
Entertainment & Recreation	145
Food	139
Financial	163
Health	138
Home	162
Household Furnishing & Equipment	142
Household Operations	152
Insurance	154
Transportation	145
Travel	150

Source: Esri "Retail Goods and Services Expenditures"

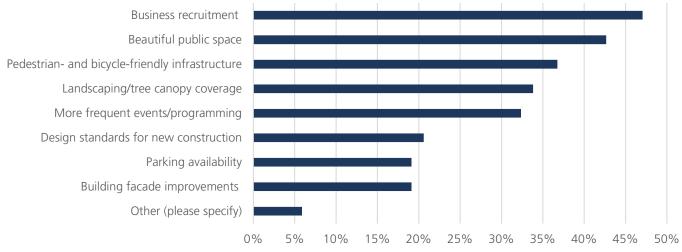
Figure XX: What Draws You to Downtown?



Source: Community Survey Results

According to the community survey, retail is not the largest draw to downtown. More commonly, residents visit the downtown for dining and events. This was seconded in the survey when respondents recorded not going downtown more often because "there's little/nothing there I want to buy." Moreover, survey-takers' top priority for the DDA is to focus on business recruitment. When asked more specifically what they'd like to see come downtown, "restaurants," "food and beverage,"

Figure XX: What are the top three elements that you would like to see the Downtown Development Authority improve?



Source: Community Survey Results

"sporting goods, hobby, books, music," and "personal services" were the most frequently selected options. These findings suggest that there is room for improvement with the downtown offerings and that a data-driven approach can help to secure businesses that will thrive in DeWitt.

It remains to be seen how downtowns will adjust post COVID-19. While many residents have converted to online shopping to stay safe, others are rediscovering their cities as they work from home. One trend is clear: downtowns are becoming hubs of services rather than retail. Ideally, the downtown would have a balance of both, tightly tailored to its patrons.

Placemaking

The idea of placemaking remains popular because it falls into physical improvements that the city can make, without having to rely on private investment. Ultimately, the downtown enhancements will require public and private investment, but a common strategy is to lead with in the public realm to signal to businesses that the city is ready for redevelopment. The survey-takers' responses aligned with placemaking practices: "beautiful public space" and "pedestrian- and bicyclefriendly" were the second and third most selected priorities.

The DDA's 2006 Development Plan acknowledges this concept and lists projects that would achieve downtown beautification. Examples include façade improvements, uniform lighting, parking lot improvements, trail connections, and streetscaping. Recently, the DDA has made such investments in the downtown by updating the crosswalks and burying the utility lines. The residents noticed. Almost 60% of respondents reported that downtown has improved over the last five years.

To keep that momentum running, it is recommended that this plan be updated to reflect the actions that have been completed and develop a new set of priorities.

Sources

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- 2 Tri County Regional Planning Commission. "Connect and Collaborate: An Honest Conversation About #LoveLansing. 2018-2023. Page 42.



Outdoor seating at Sweetie-licious in Downtown DeWitt. Photo credit: City of DeWitt



Photo credit: City of DeWitt

3. Land Use Framework

Introduction

Land use is the central tenant of community planning. Analyzing demographic and land use trends side by side in one document makes the Master Plan a valuable tool. By comparing the two, it can be determined if the two are in sync – is Dewitt building appropriately for its residents and potential newcomers?

Land Use Patterns

The City's downtown is the urban core; properties are smaller and clustered on a grid system that date back as far as 187 years ago. Within walking distance of the downtown is a concentration of historic homes, built alongside or close to the commercial buildings. As residential development fans out from the core, the lots and structures tend to get larger, the homes are newer, and the roads follow a curvilinear path as opposed to a grid. The majority of development within Dewitt is residential subdivisions, which started in the 1960s and 1970s and continues to be the dominant form of residential growth. The prevalence of housing in comparison to other land uses, and the number of residents commuting out for work makes Dewitt a bedroom community.

Land Distribution & Planning Areas

DeWitt still has room to grow within its boundaries. As shown in the table, "Existing Land Use," there are 105 acres of vacant residential parcels. By using the assessor's land codes, the City can keep track of which properties are "improved," a parcel with a structure on it, and which are "vacant," a parcel without a structure on it. These codes are not to be confused with zoning classifications or future land use categories; they are codes used to systematically tax land in accordance with state law. For planning and development purposes, the location of these parcels and the land use code demonstrate potential areas for new construction or redevelopment, pending the property owner's willingness to sell.

Land use categories are divided into five categories and are shown on the Existing Land Use map.

Map XX: Structure Age, 2020

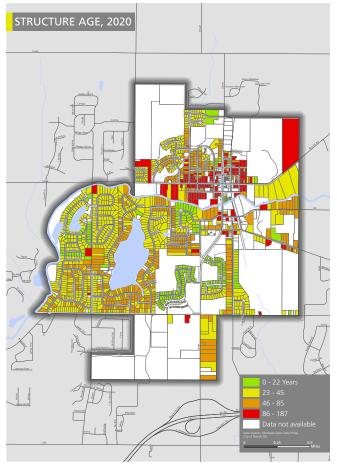


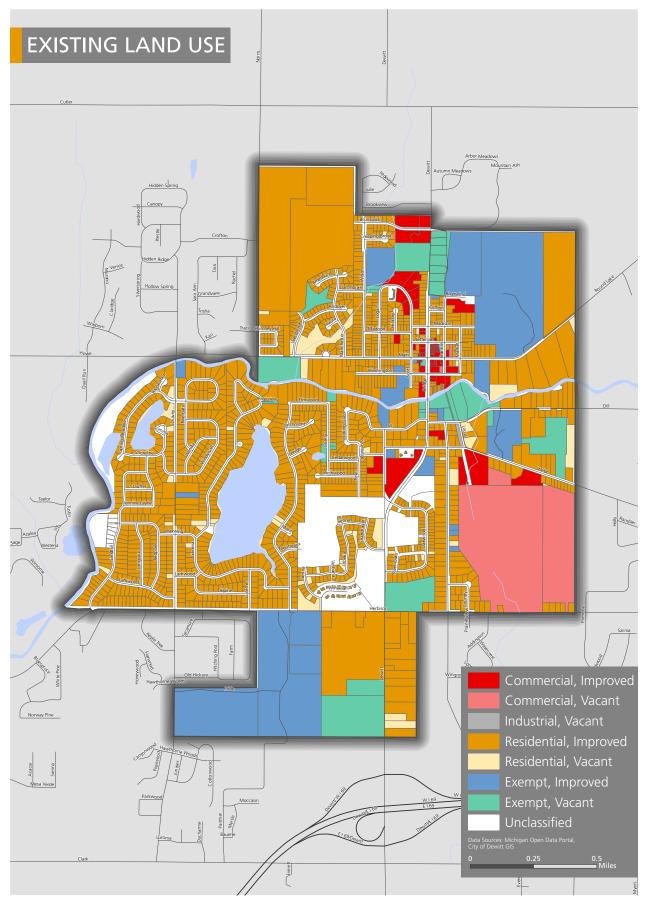
Table XX: Existing Land Use

Land Use	# of Parcels	Total Acres	% of Total Land
Residential	1,641	1,010	60.9%
Improved	1,580	905	54.5%
Vacant	61	105	6.4%
Commercial	63	189	11.3%
Improved	58	54	3.2%
Vacant	5	135	8.1%
Exempt	51	382	23.0%
Improved	23	265	15.9%
Vacant	28	118	7.1%
Industrial	1	0.7	0.0%
Vacant	1	0.7	0.0%
Unclassified	12	78	4.7%
TOTAL	1768	1658	100%*

Source: City assessor, 2020

*total may not equal exactly 100% due to rounding

Map XX: Existing Land Use



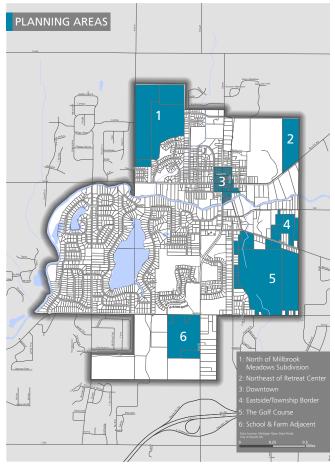
Residential

Residential is Dewitt's primary land use. Almost 61% of all land is lived upon, the majority of which are improved. The vastness of the "improved" category is misleading as a large parcel may have one structure on it and remain largely empty, and therefore appears vacant. It is some of these improved parcels that have the most potential for development, should they enter the market. The residential parcels classified as vacant are generally clustered together which creates greater opportunity for coordinated development.

Several of the critical planning areas identified in 2010 remain undeveloped, with one exception. The site just south of the post office was developed into a senior community and memory care facility, just as intended. The project was completed in 2020.

Each planning area is mapped and described, its boundaries are outlined on an aerial map, and its opportunities and constraints are summarized in a table.

Map XX: Planning Areas





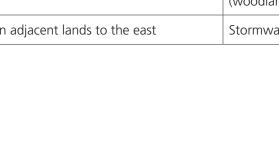
Snow on Riverside Bridge Photo credit: City of DeWitt

Planning Area 1: North of Millbrook Meadows Subdivision

The 200-acre planning area is zoned R-2 but remains actively farmed. Just before the Great Recession, it was planned to be converted into a subdivision, but this plan collapsed along with the market. As such, a drainage course exists for stormwater management along the west edge of the site. Should this area develop, primary access could be achieved from Norris Road and street extensions from Westbrook Drive, Manchester Drive, and Brunswick Drive. Except for a wooded area near the northeast corner of the site, the property contains little existing vegetation. The 20-acres of woodlands was purchased by DeWitt Township residents to preserve it from residential encroachment. On the southwest corner, a 4-acre parcel area is zoned R-3, the city's densest singlefamily designation, and is buffered from the planning area with tree canopy.

This planning area is apt for residential development. Due to its proximity to David Scott Elementary School, housing units that cater to families with younger children would be appropriate. The site is large enough to host starter homes and larger single-family units through a Planned Unit Development. It is also possible with the development of a new neighborhood that Millbrook Park will need to be expanded to accommodate more residences.

This property is perpetually up for sale but as of yet no offers have been accepted.





Opportunities	Constraints
Connect to Main Street and to David Scott Elementary School	Needs links to the existing road system (upgrade to Norris Road)
Logical extension of residential uses to the south and east	Some environmental and natural features on site (woodlands and drain)
Existing city park on adjacent lands to the east	Stormwater management

Planning Area 2: Northeast of Retreat Center

This 20-acre strip of land is located at the far northeast corner of the city. The southern portion touches Main Street, abuts the St. Francis Retreat Center to the west, and crosses the city boundary into DeWitt Township to the north and east. This is part of a larger parcel, the majority of which is located in DeWitt Township.

The property in the city is used for agriculture and contains a home with several farm related buildings. The property is zoned R-1, which requires 20,000 square foot minimum lots. Adjacent land in the Township is currently zoned agricultural; however, the Township's Future Land Use Map recommends a mixture of low (30,000-40,000 square foot lots) and medium density residential uses (15,000 – 20,000 square foot lots) surrounding the city's portion of that parcel. Because this parcel crosses two jurisdictions, it is best practice to coordinate development that is favorable to both municipalities prior to implementation. This area should remain residentially zoned to match the Township's proposed density.

One the site's major development constraint is a lack of utilities. Municipal water and sewer do not extend to the parcel. While the water main was upsized to accommodate future growth, it requires future extension to service new development. New residences would also likely require other amenities such as a park or walking loop, and a nonmotorized connection to downtown.

2: NORTHEAST OF	RETREAT CENTER	
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Opportunities	Constraints
Proximity to Main Street and retreat center	Parcel crosses into Township
Appropriate for residential use	Nonmotorized links to rest of the City on Main Street
	Lack of utility connection

Planning Area 4 Eastside and Township

This planning area also crosses the City and Township border with an agricultural use in an R-1 zone. The planning area abuts the North Pointe Community Church property on the west. The area consists of several parcels that total approximately 30 acres along the eastern edge of the city, although recently 13 acres were purchased from the church by a resident who wants to preserve agricultural land. On the Township side, east of this parcel, property has been developed into subdivisions. The vacant area along the city's border (on the Township side) is proposed in the Future Land Use Map to be medium density single-family residential (15,000 – 20,000 square foot lots).

The majority of the planning area is wedged between residential lots which front on East Dill and East Webb Drives. Given the size and location of the parcels, they could be developed individually or combined into a unified development parcel. This property should remain residentially zoned, align with the Township's proposed densities, and be thoughtfully designed to minimally disrupt existing housing.



Opportunities	Constraints
Aligns with uses proposed on the Township side	Parcel crosses into Township and sits in between established uses
Access on Webb and Dill Roads	Drainage issues and stormwater management
Space to incorporate recreation onsite for residents	Preservation of natural features

Planning Area 5 The Golf Course

This planning area consists of the Prairie Creek Golf Course and two vacant parcels which abut the west side of the golf course. The two abutting properties have access onto Turner Street. The golf course property has street frontage onto East Webb Drive and Herbison Roads. Two significant environmental resources are located on the golf course. The County's Prairie Creek Drain traverses the property. Trees and understory vegetation are located along the edges of the creek. Toward the north end, areas of steeper topography abut the creek. Several wetland areas located on the golf course are likely part of a larger wetland system extending east into DeWitt Township.

The majority of the golf course is zoned PQ (Public-Quasi Public), with the exception of the eastern third of the golf course and a small, isolated area near the northwest corner of the site which is zoned R-3. Properties along Turner Street are zoned R-1. This property is likely best suited for denser condominium style housing to preserve as much of the sensitive natural features and the golf course as possible. Should there be a mix of multiplex condominiums and single-family housing, a Planned Unit Development could be a useful land use tool to accomplish a mixed residential development.



Opportunities	Constraints
Potential for mixed-housing types	Parcel crosses into Township
	Drainage issues and stormwater management
	Preservation of natural features and public access

Planning Area 6 School & Farm Adjacent

The planning area is located southwest of the intersection of Dewitt and Herbison Roads, totally approximately 60 acres (although 5 of the acres in the southeast corner are owned by the library). The intersection is a pivotal location in the city because of its adjacency to the high school and middle school and the Township, its size, and visibility along two major thoroughfares. The southern portion of the planning area, leading from I-69, is the main gateway to the city. The site is already equipped with utilities.

Single-family homes front the east side of DeWitt Road with lots ranging from two to ten acres in size. North of Herbison Road, there is subdivision style housing on smaller lots. South of this parcel is vacant land in DeWitt Township. The 2018 DeWitt Township Comprehensive Development Plan proposes institutional uses described as public or semi-public uses that include administrative offices, existing parks, schools, religious institutions, Capital Region International Airport properties, and the wastewater treatment plant. Given the proximity to school campuses, any development there should be compatible with a learning environment and neighborhood development.

Currently the land is zoned R-1, but its proximity to the school and R-2 zoning to the north means this parcel could also support greater density.



Opportunities	Constraints
Proximity to I-69	Preservation of natural features
Build on a grid to maximize space	Adjacency to thoroughfares may require additional buffering
Proximity to school campus – opportunity to build nonmotorized paths for children to safely walk to school	Enhance crossings on Herbison and DeWitt Roads

Land Use Framework

Commercial

Aside from the downtown commercial parcels, commercial uses also refer to multi-family units, which explains why this classification is spread throughout the city. The commercial "parcels" and "acres" numbers from the table "Existing Land Use" require further explanation as they may seem misleading. The 135-acre vacant commercial parcel refers to the golf course. The size of this parcel inflates the overall percentage of total acreage that is commercially vacant when in fact, the vast majority of parcels assessed as commercial are improved and clustered in the downtown. The downtown will remain the concentrated commercial hub to boost its vibrancy and prevent sprawling strip mall style development on its corridors.



Farmer's Market Photo credit: City of DeWitt



Downtown businesses Photo credit: City of DeWitt

Planning Area 3 Downtown

The overall objective is to maintain and emphasize downtown DeWitt as the focus of commerce and services by encouraging retail, niche businesses, office, and residential uses that complement the city's heritage. Specialty retail and restaurants are especially sought after for this area. In addition to having the right mix of businesses, aesthetics is of high importance to make a visit downtown enjoyable. Recent streetscape improvements were made including burying overhead utilities. Public art is an agreed upon way for beautifying downtown. One piece of art hangs downtown but the DDA is exploring ways to promote more local artwork. If done on a larger and consistent scale, public art can become a cultural draw to the downtown.

Another aesthetic improvement is working towards a unified architectural style. While it is not mandated in the Zoning Ordinance, a set of design guidelines exist that reinforce a cohesive look when applied. Because zoning code or guidelines are applied to new development, this tool can be less productive in an already developed downtown. The DDA has uses another tool, a façade grant program, designed to provide a match to building owners' investment in their facade up to \$5,000. Not only can this apply retroactively, but it can align design efforts to a desired outcome. Even as an actively used program, there is room for improvement to yield a larger impact. For instance, the grant program could extend greater sums of funds to fewer building owners to support larger-scale facade improvements. Importantly, the funds should only be issued to investments that are meeting high-guality design standards.

Improved accessibility that makes the downtown friendly to nonmotorized users is also a priority and was included in the updated streetscape design with brick paver crosswalks. The downtown's proximity to Looking Glass River is another example of connecting the city's major assets in a pedestrian-friendly way.



Downtowns are historically places for mixed-uses, typically with commercial uses on the ground floor and residential uses above. Currently, residential uses and mixed-uses are permitted as special land uses in the downtown. One reason for the additional procedural layer is that parking in the downtown is already limited, and uses that require spaces, such as residential uses, would require greater review. A movement towards reduced parking standards is taking place in Michigan as younger generations forgo owning vehicles. Another possibility is to permit mixed-uses and residential uses by right with maximum parking requirements that fit into the existing development pattern.

Opportunities	Constraints
Connection to Looking Glass River	Inadequate parking
Historic building patterns with no setbacks and rear parking	Lack of architectural continuity
A dedicated DDA and low commercial vacancy	Offices and non-retail uses are on the first floor
Recent aesthetic and accessibility upgrades	

Exempt

Close to one-quarter of the city's acreage is dedicated to such uses. Exempt land uses refer to uses that do not generate tax revenue for the city. These parcels are owned by governmental entities, religious institutions, and other public, non-profit, or charity groups. The most prominent examples in Dewitt of exempt "improved" are dedicated to Dewitt Public schools, St Francis Retreat Center, and St. Jude's shown on the map in blue. Vacant exempt uses largely represent city parks. While these land uses are not lucrative per se, they are often essential community spaces that serve many civic and recreational functions that enhance residents' quality of life, and help keep property values in DeWitt stable.

Future Land Use

The Future Land Use Map (FLUM) is the culmination of the comprehensive planning process. Based upon trends in development, the results of the issues analysis, goals and recommendations set forth in the Plan, and input of the Planning Commission, the City Council, and DeWitt residents, the FLUM is the basis for Zoning Ordinance revisions. It may be considered the ideal direction in which the City should follow in terms of land use policy, not necessarily as a parcel-byparcel blueprint, but rather a guide to aspire to over the next 10 years.

The Future Land Use Map is intended to guide land use decisions in DeWitt and assist City officials with the development and modification of land use regulations. It can be an invaluable tool when used to evaluate requests for rezonings, vacation of rights-of-way, or for variances from the Zoning Ordinance. Requests that do not follow the intent of a Future Land Use Map should be denied. If City officials wish to amend the Future Land Use Map to reflect changing conditions, then this should be done before a change in zoning is approved and should be based on appropriate research and land use practices.

Future Land Use Categories

In this section, the future land use categories are described and matched to the corresponding zoning district to convey the type and scale of change suggested.



Ox Roast Photo credit: City of DeWitt

Summary of Proposed Land Use Changes

- » Condense moderate density housing zones from two to one.
- » Expand moderate- and high-density housing to new parcels.
- » Remove the "office" and "limited commercial" zones.
- » Add design standards to the central downtown business district.
- » Permit housing as an overlay zone on the golf course.

Map XX: Future Land Use

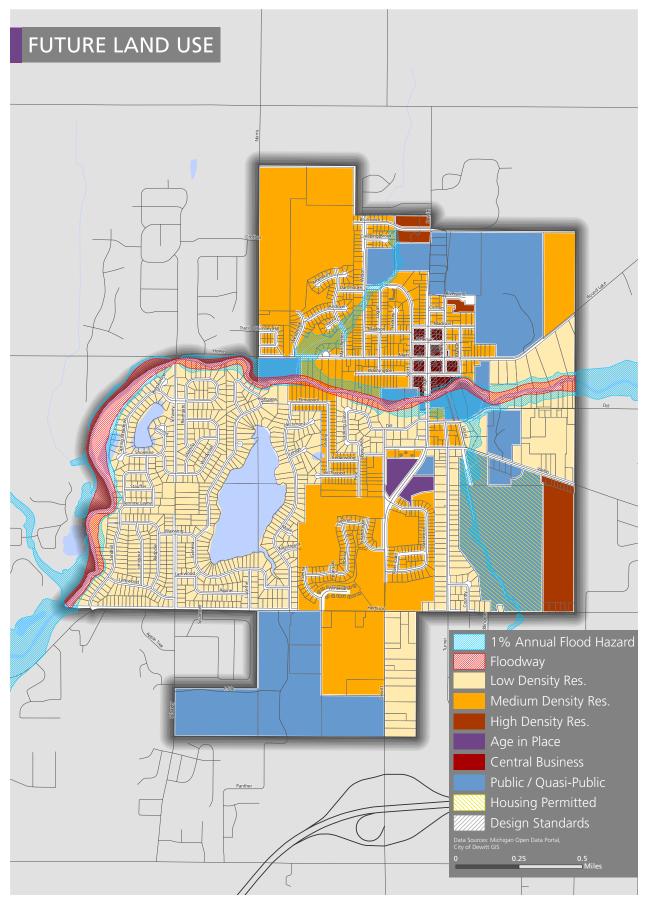


Table XX: Future Land Use Categories

Land Use Category	Intent	Corresponding Zone
Residential		
Low Density Residential Planning Area 4	The intent of this land use category is not expected to change. Low residential density will be preserved. Land uses considered incompatible with residential neighborhoods are not permitted.	R-1
Medium Density Residential Planning Areas: 1, 2, 6,	This land use category combines two "moderate density" residential zones to permit slightly greater density and a mix of missing middle housing types (i.e. townhome, duplex, triplex). It has the largest proposed expansion with the intent to increase the housing supply that can accommodate a variety of household types while still being compatible with the city's suburban character.	R-2, R-3
High Density Residential Part of Planning Area 5	It is intended to provide for a mixture of housing types. The purpose of this district is to ensure that multiple-family housing is located in areas which afford adequate street capacity, is served by public sanitary sewer, and is in close proximity to commercial services.	M-F
Age in Place	The intent of this land use category is to permit a range of housing and services (communal and medical) geared towards an aging population with various levels of needed support. This category is optimized when located in easy access to other necessary amenities and services for this demographic.	MF-N
Commercial		
Central Business District Planning Area 3	The intent of this land use category is not expected to change. It shall remain the city's mixed-use hub that provides retail, office, dining, and entertainment on smaller lots to maintain its walkability.	CBD
Public		
Public/Quasi Public Part of Planning Area 5	The intent of this land use category is not expected to change. It provides for open space areas, parks, conservation areas, public schools, religious institutions, governmental facilities, historic places. It is recommended that agricultural uses be removed from this land use category.	PQ

Zoning

Overlays

In addition to the proposed future land use categories, there are two proposed overlay zones that would be adopted as part of the Zoning Ordinance. Overlay zones are an additional set of standards that apply "on top "of the existing base zone. They are supplementary to the requirements in the base zone and are usually used to enhance the zone in a specific way that aligns with a greater vision for the area. The descriptions are below.

Planned Unit Development

This is another common land use tool used to create more flexibility and innovation in the use and variety in design, layout, and type of structure. In DeWitt, it is written for larger more transformative projects that are 40 acres or greater but has a caveat that this tool may be applied to smaller parcels if the project meets eligibility criteria that demonstrate an added benefit to the City. For projects that do not fit perfectly into a zoning district, this tool may be appropriate, especially if it the project proposed aligns with the Future Land Use Map.

Proposed Overlay District	Intent	Corresponding Zone
Design Standards	This is a set of aesthetic standards that are applied to building facades and orientation, signage, landscaping, and parking placement to give a cohesive "look" and identity to the downtown.	CBD
Housing Permitted	The golf course, outside of its environmental constraints for development, is a good site for multi-family housing. While it is not appropriate to permit housing on every parcel zoned PQ, this site make sense for an overlay to permit condominiums along the periphery of the course (not to interrupt ecosystems), geared towards avid golfers.	PQ

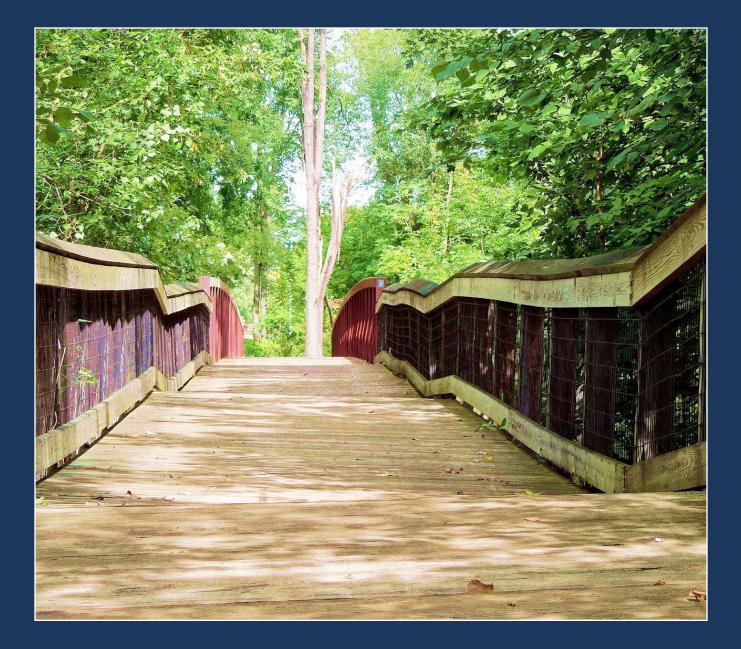
Table XX: Proposed Overlay Districts



Cruise In Photo credit: City of DeWitt



Bridge & Main Market Photo credit: City of DeWitt



4. Vision & Goals

Good planning uses data and preferences to shape a preferred course of action. In this section, findings from the previous sections and the community engagement series are used to build an Action Plan of strategies to advance the City of DeWitt toward its goals over the planning horizon.

Residential

Goal #1	Objectives
Maintain and continue to create predominately medium- density, single-family residential neighborhoods.	Require high-quality materials for housing, landscaping, and infrastructure for existing neighborhoods.
	Utilize development agreements with large scale developments to assure quality development and environmental safeguards.

Goal #2	Objectives
Provide a variety of housing options to support the range of residents' needs through different life stages.	Expand housing options so that young professionals, empty nesters, and retirees can live in Dewitt in a suitable residential unit.
	Buffer single-family residential areas from higher-density multi-family units.
	Delineate areas within the City that are appropriate for housing types alternative to single-family based on available infrastructure and proximity to services and amenities.
Actions	
Check land availability	



Outdoor seating Photo credit: City of DeWitt

Commercial / Downtown

Goal #1 (For Residents)	Objectives
Provide a diverse and balanced mix of goods and services that are tailored to residents' preferences.	Reduce the instances in which Dewitt residents have to leave the City for entertainment, dining, or retail.
	Work with the DDA to develop an ongoing data-driven business recruitment program for downtown.
	Assist in implementing the DDA's Development Plan actions for business retention.
Actions	

Consistently monitor residents' retail and service needs and use that information to proactively recruit businesses to fill that needs.

Provide market analysis to existing and interested businesses.

Develop criteria to determine if local incentives are producing desired results regarding retail and services provided.

Goal #2 (For Visitors)	Objectives
downtown to draw in visitors.	Tie some of downtown's programming to the Looking Glass River.
	Identify parcels that could be used for mixed-use opportunities.
	Ensure that the ground floor units are reserved for commerce that contributes to the vibrancy of downtown.
	Use placemaking strategies to improve the experience of downtown visitors through design guidelines, landscaping standards, circulation, access management, lighting, and signage.
	Create a parking strategy that serves patrons but does not detract from the downtown's compactness.
	Make downtown the hub for community events.
Actions	
Tools – look into incentives that can used as economic development tools	

Tools – look into incentives that can used as economic development tools.

Goal #3	Objectives
Maintain an up-to-date database of commercial development and redevelopment sites.	When necessary, use local, state, and federal incentives to fill and develop vacant buildings and/or sites.
	Work with business owners to gather basic property information for sites that are suitable for new business or business expansion.
	Provide a vision for development for vacant properties and actively promote it.

Community Services & Recreation

Goal #1	Objectives
Acquire, develop, preserve, and maintain parkland and equipment to provide sufficient open space for recreation.	Plan park acquisition based on resident's level of need, distribution of parkland, and accessibility standards.
	Continue to balance residential development with open space requirements through the ordinance.

Goal #2	Objectives	
Develop nonmotorized pathways to expand the existing network for multi-use paths.	Prioritize nonmotorized pathways based on connections to existing parks, neighborhoods, and local destinations.	
	Align goals with DARA's Recreation Plan.	
Actions		
Seek opportunities with Dewitt Township and Clinton County to participate in a regional greenway system.		
Apply for grants to assist with funding an expanded nonmotorized network.		
Develop a maintenance plan with a sufficient budget for nonmotorized networks.		

Goal #3	Objectives	
Expand recreation and social programming for all age groups.	Utilize the new community space at City Hall to provide entertainment and education programming that is broad and community-based.	
	Youth: Continue to play a supportive role in youth programming.	
	Adults: Ensure that adult recreational programming is convenient and aligns with residents' interests.	
	Seniors: Provide social and wellness options so that seniors choose to age in place in Dewitt.	
Actions		
Coordinate courses and excursions with the age-in-place facility.		
Contribute funding to update the DARA Recreation Plan.		
Proactively recruit and show appreciation for volunteers who lead recreational programming for youth.		

Natural Features

Goal #1	Objectives
improve DeWitt's natural features.	Continue to implement current stormwater management regulations.
	Develop strategically to avoid sprawling onto natural features.
	Use the zoning ordinance to strengthen preservation efforts for trees, native vegetation, and wetlands.
	Use landscaping standards to incorporate greenery into developed areas.
Actions	

Require the developer to identify woodlands, watercourse, and other natural features during the site plan process.

Goal #2	Objectives
Use land use policy to maintain high water quality for the Looking Glass River Watershed.	Maintain the Looking Glass River as a beautiful natural asset and thriving ecosystem.
	Follow Upper Looking Glass River Watershed Management Plan recommendations for improving water quality.
	Reduce runoff and pollutants from impervious surfaces with green stormwater infrastructure.
Actions	

Develop a wellhead-protection program for community water supplies.

Establish filter strips near fertilized and impervious areas to remove sediment and other pollutants from runoff water.

Participate in the Natural Rivers Program with other communities in the Watershed through the Michigan Department of Natural Resources.

Implement Upper Looking Glass River Watershed Management Plan recommendations, including: protecting existing wetlands from development, establishing a minimum vegetated buffer on both sides of the river, establishing a minimum building setback from the river, and stabilizing riverbanks.



Riverside Park Photo credit: City of DeWitt

Multi-Modal Transportation

Objectives
Participate in efforts to enhance connectivity to Lansing.
Study the possibility of establishing a continuous pathway along the Looking Glass River.
Continue to expand delineated bicycle lanes along major roads with clear destinations.

Meet with landowners who have land abutting the river to determine the viability the pathway.

Goal #2	Objectives		
Create a safe and coordinated transportation system adequate to support existing and future land uses that balances traffic needs with actions to	Ensure that all future development and residential neighborhoods are linked to the City's roadway grid and pathway system.		
ensure the City remains an attractive place to live.	Build a transportation system in which all users feel comfortable using it.		
Actions			
Work with the Clinton County Road Commission and Dewitt Township to expand pedestrian and bicycle trail systems outside of the City.			

Continue to participate in the Capital Area Regional Transportation Study Committee to provide input.

Goal #3	Objectives
Monitor the progression of autonomous vehicles and ride-sharing trends to determine if any changes to road infrastructure and parking are necessary.	Research trends that will influence parking requirements, loading zones, or street design.
	Stay up-to-date on legislation or other policy related to alternatives to personal vehicle ownership.



Riverside Path Photo credit: City of DeWitt

Intergovernmental Cooperation & Coordination

Goal #1	Objectives		
Continue to cooperate and coordinate with adjacent governmental jurisdictions to provide for a more comprehensive approach to land use planning and a more effective and efficient delivery of public services and utilities.	Coordinate the provision of services where efficient and feasible.		
	Eliminate the possibility of land use conflicts on municipal boundaries and with other major land holders.		
	Create opportunities for joint interaction, collaboration, and communication among City commissions, boards, and prominent organizations in the area.		
Actions			
Meet with Dewitt Township and staff periodically to review	v long range plans and land use issues.		
Continue to actively participate in the Dewitt Area Recreation Authority's planning and development processes.			
Work with the Board of Water and Light and Dewitt Township in the coordination, provision, and implementation of water services.			
Coordinate with the School Board regarding their facility development and construction.			



Farmers Market banner Photo credit: City of DeWitt

Appendix: Community Survey Results



City of DeWitt Planning Commission Master Plan Survey Summary

February 25, 2021

A total of 70 responses were collected for the DeWitt Master Plan update between January 12 and February 15, 2021.

Who Were the Survey Takers?

Just short of two-thirds of all survey-takers were residents of the city of DeWitt. The remaining onethird were primarily Dewitt Township residents, and half a dozen were from Watertown Township. Most of the survey participants (67.2%) are well-established residents who have lived in the area for at least 10 years. The table below demonstrates which demographic groups were over- and under-represented in the findings. The proportion of respondents in the age group 35-44 is more than three times larger than the city, whereas 0% of the youth's perspective was captured. Similarly, no residents earning under \$50,000 annually were reflected in the survey results and in the next income bracket (\$50,000-\$74,999), residents were widely underrepresented.

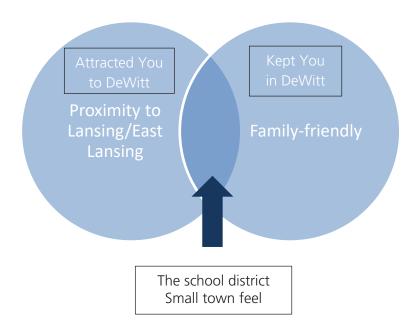
Survey vs. City-wide Survey Demographics

Demographic Characteristic	Survey	City (2018 ACS)
Age		
18-24	0.0%	5.6%
25-34	9.5%	12.3%
35-44	45.2%	13.6%
45-54	16.7%	14.4%
55-64	14.3%	14.3%
65+	14.3%	14.0%
Median Household Ind	come	
Under \$49,999	0.0%	20.3%
\$50,000-\$74,999	7.1%	16.7%
\$75,000-\$99,000	19.0%	13.4%
\$100,000-\$150,000	23.8%	24.3%
Over \$150,000	31.0%	25.3%



Beckett&Raeder

Q2 & Q3 What Attracted You to DeWitt and What Has Kept You Here?



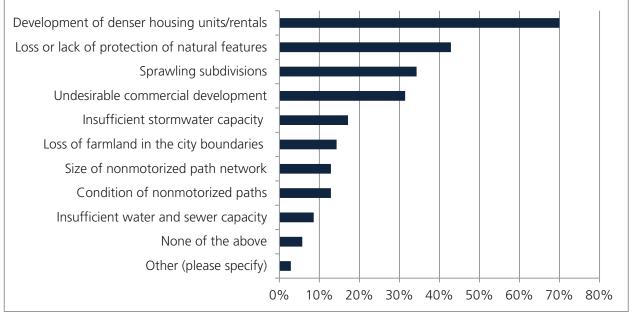
The top three reasons for moving and staying in DeWitt have a large overlap. The top answer for both questions was "the school system." This statement implies that many who move to DeWitt are planning to have a family. This is further evidenced by survey-takers reporting that they moved to DeWitt for its "proximity to Lansing/East Lansing (likely for access to employment options)" but stayed for its "family-friendly" atmosphere (likely upon starting a family). The other commonality in the top three responses for both questions was a "small town feel."

Q4 & Q5 Land Uses: Concerns and Priorities

When asked about their top land use concerns, respondents' top three responses centered on housing and natural features. The concerns regarding nature were unanimously about protecting it from further loss or degradation. However, with housing, the concerns were more varied. The majority of residents (70%) are concerned with the "development of denser housing units/rentals," yet another one-third are concerned about "sprawling subdivisions (34%)." Survey-takers were then asked in an open response format to write more specifically what should be the city's top land use priority over the next 10 years. The responses reveal that some would prefer to limit the expansion of multi-family housing units while others want more housing options and to slow the rate of subdivision expansion. Broader comments about slow and controlled development were also expressed. Another major priority was an expansion of parks and recreation facilities.

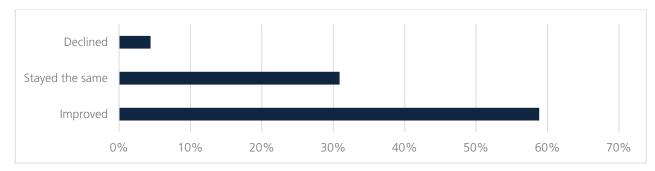


Land Use Concerns



Q6 -10 Downtown

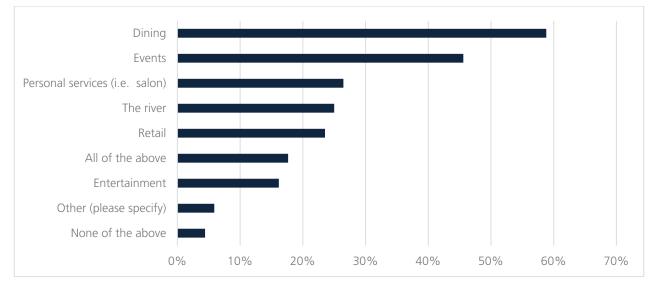
Overall, 58.8% of the survey-takers think that in the last five years the downtown has improved. While this is a positive a result, there are noticeable areas of improvement. When asked what prevents them from going downtown more often, they reported that there is little or nothing there that they want to buy (44.1%) or do (29.4%). What most commonly draws survey participants downtown is dining (58.8%) and events (45.6%), but retail and personal services fall lower on the list of attractions. These findings correspond to a desire for the DDA to focus on business recruitment above all else (47.1%). The other elements noted for DDA's focus are primarily beautifying the downtown's public spaces, enhancing landscaping and tree canopy cover, and nonmotorized infrastructure. To a lesser extent, respondents also want to see design standards for new and existing development. Interestingly, the river plays a more influential role in drawing residents downtown (25.0%) than entertainment (16.2%), exposing that a tighter connection could be drawn between the two.



I Think Downtown Has...in the Last Five Years

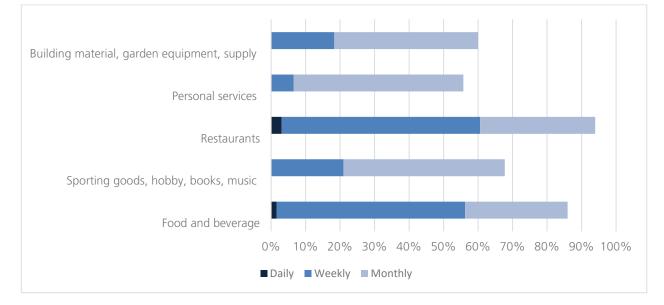


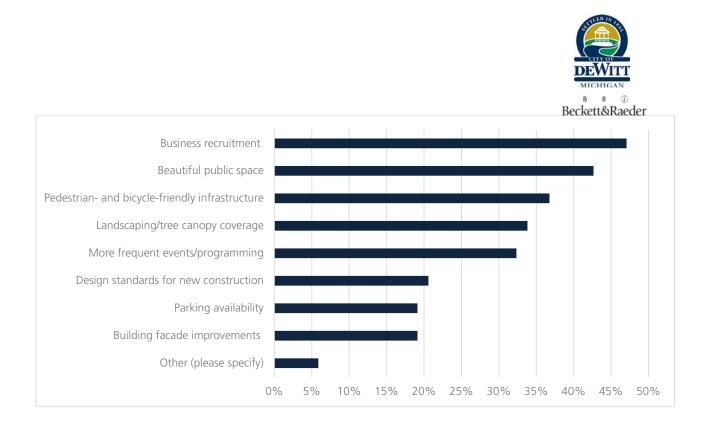
What Draws You Downtown?



More specifically, survey participants were asked to select the types of retail they want to see downtown and to estimate how often they would frequent them. The table below summarizes the retail types that would be patronized on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis (on average) that accumulated more than 50% of votes.



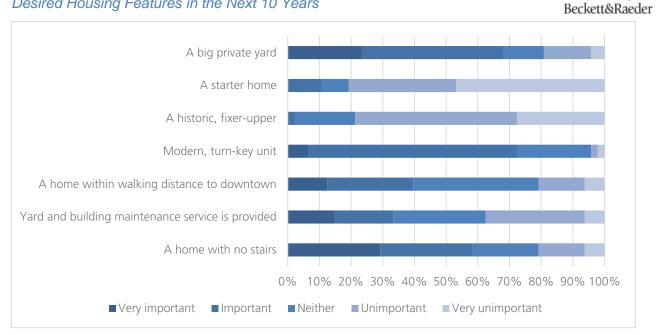




Q11 - Q15 Housing

Over 95% of respondents live in single-family detached units. When asked what type of unit they want to live in 10 years, that percentage drops to 87.8%, when township residents' responses are filtered out, it drops to 83%. In a decade from now, 12% of city of DeWitt residents want to live in two-unit condos, 4.8% want to live in each of the following: attached townhomes, multi-unit, and/or mixed-use buildings. Many of those percentages double when the results are filtered for older age groups; ages 45 and older have a greater desire to live in multi-family units in the next 10 years. This is true even when responses are filtered for the highest income earners. Survey respondents were also asked to assume that their level of economic security remains constant, and then to estimate a price range that they are financially comfortable buying a home. Over half of them replied with a cost range that was \$250,000 or higher. Desired features in those homes differ. The most commonly selected answers were for a "big private yard," a "modern, turn-key unit," a "home within walking distance to downtown," and "a home with no stairs." When results are filtered by age group, yards become less important; stairs and the maintenance and modernity of the units rise in value for senior citizens.

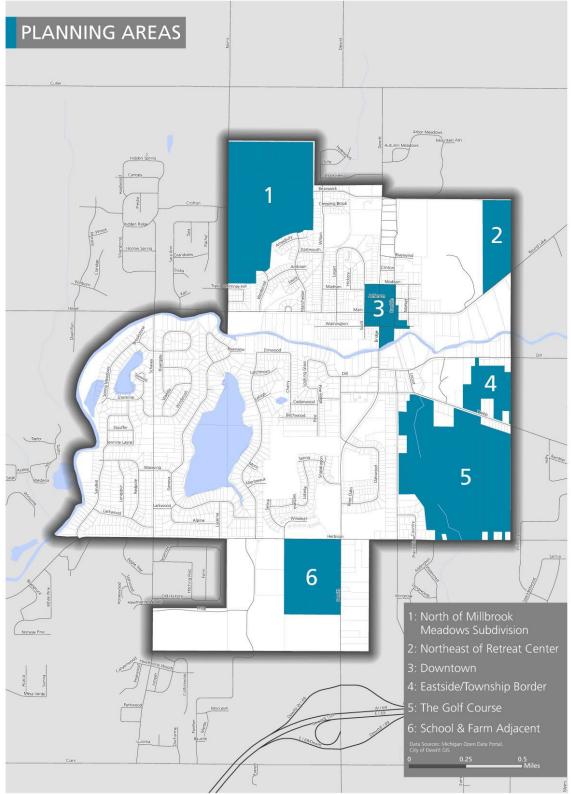
Appendix



Desired Housing Features in the Next 10 Years

Next, the survey asked where the city should consider permitting midrise condominiums (3-5 stories), attached townhomes, or smaller single-family homes. Six options were provided (see map below). Planning area #6, the property near the school on the southern edge of DeWitt, received the greatest share of votes, but not by much. The votes were spready fairly evenly across all planning areas (with the exception of planning area 4), most areas received between 22%-27% of all votes.







Q16 - Q20 Recreation

This survey was launched immediately after the Parks and Recreation Master Plan was completed; more detailed results for recreational planning can be found there. Survey-takers were asked to rate on a scale of 1 to 5 (best) five different aspects of recreation in DeWitt. Park maintenance received the highest score. The other areas all received a score lower than four, with the greatest room for improvement in "variety of recreation options."

Variety of recreation options 3.2



Recreational programming 3.4



Safety from vehicle as a bicyclist 3.6



River Access 3.9



Park Maintenance 4.1



Whore when the

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Fund 101 GENERAL FUND							
Dept 000		MERDODOLTRAN LIFE ING CON	04/06/00		C T A T T M T M T		140 40
101-000-084.002 101-000-084.002	DUE FROM DDA DUE FROM DDA	METROPOLITAN LIFE INS. CON PHYSICIANS HEALTH PLAN-LAN			STATEMENT 231070001		140.40 1,306.46
101-000-228.002	STATE WITHHOLDING	STATE OF MICHIGAN-TREASURY			STATEMENT		3,444.61
101-000-231.002	UNION DUES	MICHIGAN AFSCME COUNCIL 25			STATEMENT		152.96
101-000-231.002	UNION DUES	CAPITOL CITY LABOR PROGRAM			STATEMENT		192.64
101-000-231.002	MERS HCSP	MERS HCSP	04/26/23		STATEMENT		1,171.66
101-000-231.016	MERS DEFINED CONTRIBUTION	ALERUS FINANCIAL	04/26/23		STATEMENT		2,559.68
101-000-256.000	COMMUNITY ROOM REFUNDABLE DEPOSI		04/26/23		CHECK REQUEST		150.00
101-000-256.000	COMMUNITY ROOM REFUNDABLE DEPOSI		04/26/23		CHECK REQUEST		150.00
101-000-256.000	COMMUNITY ROOM REFUNDABLE DEPOSI		04/26/23		CHECK REQUEST		150.00
			Total For	Dent (9,418.41
			IOCAI FOI	Dept (500		5,410.41
Dept 172 ADMINISTRATOR 101-172-716.000	HEALTH/DENTAL	MERDODOLITINAN LITER ING. CON	04/06/00				178.75
101-172-716.000	HEALTH/DENTAL HEALTH/DENTAL	METROPOLITAN LIFE INS. CON PHYSICIANS HEALTH PLAN-LAN			STATEMENT 231070001		2,003.83
101-172-717.000	LIFE/ADD/DISABILITY	MUTUAL OF OMAHA	04/20/23		001522453008		155.21
101 172 717.000	LIFE, ADD, DISADILITI	MOTORE OF OMAINA					
			Total For	Dept 1	172 ADMINISTRATOR		2,337.79
Dept 238 RETIREE BENEFITS							
101-238-716.000	HEALTH/DENTAL	METROPOLITAN LIFE INS. CON	- , -, -		STATEMENT		38.35
101-238-716.000	HEALTH/DENTAL	ROBERT WATSON	04/26/23		STATEMENT		222.37
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Dept 250 CLERK-TREASURER							
101-250-716.000	HEALTH/DENTAL	METROPOLITAN LIFE INS. CON	04/26/23		STATEMENT		178.75
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Dept 265 CITY HALL/GROUNDS							
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101-265-727.000	OFFICE SUPPLIES	STAPLES ADVANTAGE	05/04/23		3536597274		85.57
101-265-740.000	OPERATING SUPPLIES	JET SPEED PRINTING	04/26/23		46037		322.50
101-265-740.000	OPERATING SUPPLIES	GILBERT'S TRUE VALUE HARDW			STATEMENT		27.50
101-265-803.000	LEGAL SERVICES	FOSTER SWIFT	04/26/23		855598		1,368.00
101-265-803.000	LEGAL SERVICES	FOSTER SWIFT	05/04/23		857610		1,919.00
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101-265-850.000	TELEPHONE	COMCAST JET SPEED PRINTING	05/03/23		172451970 46037		376.18 1,419.43
101-265-900.000	PRINTING/PUBLISHING STREET LIGHTS		04/26/23				32.99
101-265-926.000 101-265-926.000	STREET LIGHTS	CONSUMERS ENERGY CONSUMERS ENERGY	05/03/23 05/03/23		STATEMENT STATEMENT		1,802.58
101-265-930.000	REPAIR/MAINTENANCE	M P C CASHWAY LUMBER CO, 1			104355		18.52
101-265-932.000	COMPUTER MAINTENANCE	CIVICPLUS, LLC	04/26/23		259637		125.00
101-265-932.000	COMPUTER MAINTENANCE	SONICLEAR TRIO SYSTEMS	05/04/23		STATEMENT		473.00
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Dept 301 POLICE				-			
101-301-716.000	HEALTH/DENTAL	METROPOLITAN LIFE INS. CON	04/26/23		STATEMENT		511.70
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101-301-801.000	PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	FOSTER SWIFT	05/04/23		857610		1,102.00
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101-441-740.000	OPERATING SUPPLIES	KAMINS AUTO PARTS	05/03/23	12-849378	22.56
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101-441-850.000	TELEPHONE	COMCAST	05/03/23	172451970	62.69
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Dept 721 PLANNING COMM	MISSION				
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Dept 751 PARKS FACILIS	TIES				
101-751-740.000	OPERATING SUPPLIES	AMERICAN RENTALS	04/26/23	230385	186.00
101-751-740.000	OPERATING SUPPLIES	GILBERT'S TRUE VALUE	HARDV 05/04/23	STATEMENT	231.85
101-751-927.000	UTILITIES	LANSING BD OF WATER &	LIGF04/26/23	STATEMENT	193.08
101-751-927.000	UTILITIES	LANSING BD OF WATER &	LIGF05/03/23	STATEMENT	31.53
101-751-927.000	UTILITIES	LANSING BD OF WATER &	LIGF05/04/23	STATEMENT	199.11
101-751-927.000	UTILITIES	LANSING BD OF WATER &	LIGF05/04/23	STATEMENT	4.24
101-751-930.000	REPAIR/MAINTENANCE	LAWN SPRINKLERS	04/26/23	46028	123.29
101-751-930.000	REPAIR/MAINTENANCE	GILBERT'S TRUE VALUE	HARDV 05/04/23	STATEMENT	35.98
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			Total For Fund	202 MAJOR STREET		6,496.78

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GL Number	Invoice Line Desc	Vendor	Invoice Date Invoice	Amount
Fund 249 BUILDING DEP. Dept 000 249-000-801.000	ARTMENT PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	DEWITT CHARTER TOWNSHIP	05/04/23 23-0000678	2,975.00
			Total For Dept 000	2,975.00
			Total For Fund 249 BUILDING DEPARTMENT	2,975.00

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GL Number	Invoice Line Desc	Vendor	Invoice Date	e Invoice	Amou	int
Fund 592 WATER/SEWER Dept 000 592-000-740.000 592-000-804.000 592-000-932.000	OPERATING SUPPLIES SCCMUA/SEWER COMPUTER MAINTENANCE	JET SPEED PRINTING S. C. C. M. U. A. CIVICPLUS, LLC	04/26/23 04/26/23 04/26/23	46037 STATEMENT 259637	322.5 37,849.5 125.0	58
			Total For Dept	000	38,297.0	08
			Total For Fund	592 WATER/SEWER	38,297.0	08

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BANK CODE: 01

GL Number	Invoice Line Desc	Vendor	Invoice Date	Invoice	Amount
Fund 661 MOTOR POOL					
Dept 000 661-000-751.001	GAS/OIL POLICE	EISELER OIL COMPANY	05/03/23	188112	295.60
661-000-751.003	GAS/OIL DPW	EISELER OIL COMPANY	05/03/23	188112	295.60
661-000-751.003	GAS/OIL DPW	EISELER OIL COMPANY	05/03/23	188113	222.17
661-000-930.001	REPAIR/MAINTENANCE/POLICE	SAWYERS SUPERSTORE	05/04/23	CVCS312184	929.64
661-000-930.003	REPAIR/MAINTENANCE/DPW	BELL EQUIPMENT COMPANY	05/03/23	P15914	556.90
661-000-930.003	REPAIR/MAINTENANCE/DPW	BELL EQUIPMENT COMPANY	05/03/23	P15469	242.50
661-000-930.003	REPAIR/MAINTENANCE/DPW	KAMINS AUTO PARTS	05/03/23	12-849365	176.49
661-000-930.003	REPAIR/MAINTENANCE/DPW	GILBERT'S TRUE VALUE HAR	DV 05/04/23	STATEMENT	30.97
661-000-961.000	MISCELLANEOUS	MICHIGAN GRAPHICS & SIGN	S 04/26/23	19657	600.00
			Total For Dept (000	3,349.87

Total For Fund 661 MOTOR POOL

3,349.87

05/04/2023 11:16 AM User: SARAH DB: Dewitt		Page:	7/7		
GL Number	Invoice Line Desc	Vendor	Invoice Date Invoice		Amount
		Fun	d Totals:		
			Fund 101 GENERAL FUND		37,517.50
			Fund 202 MAJOR STREET		6,496.78
			Fund 249 BUILDING DEPARTMENT		2,975.00
			Fund 592 WATER/SEWER		38,297.08
			Fund 661 MOTOR POOL		3,349.87
			Total For All Funds:		88,636.23

CALL TO ORDER:

Chairman Ware called the meeting to order at 7:03pm and Commissioner Clement led the pledge of allegiance.

ROLL CALL

Members Present: Ware, VanDyke, Haas, Patterson, Clement

Members Excused: Cook, Lee

STAFF:

City Administrator Daniel Coss, Administrative Specialist Sarah Stoltzfus and Planner Liz Gunden off Beckett & Raeder.

AUDIENCE:

APPROVE AGENDA:

Motion by Commissioner Patterson, seconded by Commissioner VanDyke and carried by unanimous vote of the Planning Commission that the Planning Commission's agenda for April 27, 2023, be approved as presented. MOTION CARRIED.

APPROVAL OF MINUTES:

Motion by Commissioner VanDyke, seconded by Commissioner Patterson and carried by unanimous vote of the Planning Commission that the minutes of the March 16, 2023, Regular Planning Commission Meeting be approved as presented. MOTION CARRIED.

PUBLIC COMMENTS:

None

NEW BUSINESS:

1. <u>Review Draft Master Plan</u>

Planner Liz Gunden was present to discuss the draft of the Master Plan and answer any questions the commissioners had. The Planning Commissioners would like to see the demographic and housing data section be updated with the 2020 Census data.

Motion by Commissioner Patterson, seconded by Commissioner VanDyke and carried by unanimous vote of the Planning Commission to forward the Planning Commission approval of the DeWitt Master Plan, with amendments to the 2020 Census data as noted, to the City Council for distribution of the plan to the appropriate entities as required in the Michigan Planning Enabling Act. CITY OF DEWITT Planning Commission Meeting April 27, 2023

City Hall

PLANNING COMMISSION MEMBER COMMENTS:

Administrator Coss gave updates on the downtown district. The DDA will be hosting a "round table" style open house as an opportunity for the DDA business community to gather input from business owners and business community in the downtown district.

ADJOURNMENT:

Motion by Commissioner VanDyke, seconded by Commissioner Patterson and carried by unanimous vote of the Planning Commission that **this meeting be adjourned at 7:50** pm.

Respectfully submitted,

Sarah Stoltzfus, Recording Secretary



City of Dewitt:

Daily Management Report for 5/4/2023:

Invoice Type	YTD #	YTD \$	MTD #	MTD \$	Day #	Day \$	Paperless #	AutoPay #
Summer Tax	6	\$18,303.98	0	\$0.00	0	\$0.00	0	50
Winter Tax	130	\$141,488.27	0	\$0.00	0	\$0.00	0	51
Utility	1,755	\$248,068.56	11	\$1,313.19	1	\$72.54	885	508
Misc./General Receipts	120	\$15,977.03	2	\$969.60	1	\$920.00	0	0
Building Permits	96	\$48,975.00	4	\$830.00	1	\$106.00	0	0



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Monthly Summary of Activities for the Assessing Department April, 2023

GENERAL:

PROPERTY TRANSFERS AND DEEDS:

- 6 Deeds Processed
 - 4 Warranty Deeds
 - 2 Quit Claim Deed
- 1 New PRE's Granted

2023 database passed county inspection with no issues, and is now finalized. Assessing is working in the 2024 database.

PERSONAL PROPERTY:

Assessing office is now looking for new accounts, and processing any amended petitions.

FIELD INSPECTIONS:

Assessing has resumed regular field work..

PENDING ISSUES FOR CITY COUNCIL TO BE AWARE OF:

No 2023 appeals filed so far.

NEXT BOARD OF REVIEW MEETING:

July Board of Review, July 18th.

ASSESSOR ANNOUNCEMENTS:

None.





WILLIAM STEVEN COUCKE 03.21.23 at 1:15 pm - 7 pounds 6 ounces - 20 inches loved so much by christopher and jaimie coucke

Daniel Coss

From:	Bill Burke <bill.burke@rehmann.com></bill.burke@rehmann.com>
Sent:	Wednesday, April 26, 2023 12:32 PM
То:	Daniel Coss
Subject:	RE: Rehmann follow up

Good afternoon Dan –

Thank you again for reaching out to Rehmann and for answering some questions that the audit team had. I wanted to let you know that unfortunately we will respectfully decline to bid on your audit RFP at this time. Doug was really struggling with timing / staffing on this one and then once I communicated your rough budget, he just felt like we would not be able to be in a range the city would find acceptable.

Thank you again for thinking of Rehmann and we do wish you the best of luck with this project. If there is anything we can ever do to help you, please feel free to reach out to me directly.

Kind regards, Bill

Bill Burke Senior Manager | Director of Client Services & Business Development

Rehmann

CPAs & Consultants | Wealth Advisors | Technology Solutions | Corporate Investigators 4086 Legacy Parkway | Lansing | MI | 48911 D: 517.316.2464 | C: 517.803.3360 bill.burke@rehmann.com | Subscribe and stay connected

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From: Bill Burke Sent: Tuesday, April 25, 2023 10:03 AM To: dcoss@dewittmi.gov Subject: Rehmann follow up

Good morning Dan – Enjoying this snow in late April as much as I am? Sigh. Sorry for the delay here, but my governmental audit lead in your area and I had some overlapping time off and didn't get to connect as quickly as I would have liked. He did ask me to get some clarification on whether you expect the auditor to help you with the F-65 preparation, or is that done internally?

He also asked if I could find out what you have historically budgeted for your audit. I recognize this can be somewhat sensitive and appreciate if you are not able to divulge. Doug would like to submit a proposal but there is a fair amount of work behind the scenes to do so, and he was hoping to have an idea if we would be in the range that Dewitt would be willing to consider.

Let me know on the above items (or item) if you would please. I'm happy to jump on a call to discuss as well if that is preferable.

Regards, Bill

Bill Burke Senior Manager | Director of Client Services & Business Development

Rehmann

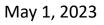
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Chamber News



Official Newsletter of the DeWitt Area Chamber of Commerce

Phone: 517-624-2953

Fax: 517-624-2948

113 S Bridge Street, DeWitt 48820

Email: Loretta@dewittareacc.org

Website: www.dewittareacc.org

DeWitt Area

Chamber of Commerce



Susan Shilton, District Director Junior Achievement[™]

This is the Last Day to Register for the May 3rd Luncheon

DeWitt Area Chamber of Commerce

Banguet & Conference Center of DeWitt 1120 Commerce Park Drive, DeWitt 11:30 Networking • 12:00 Lunch • 12:30 Speaker

> Great Networking opportunity and presentation by Susan Shilton

> > Cost to attend is \$10.

Concerts in the Park

We would like to thank the City of DeWitt and our member sponsors for their support of the Chamber's Concert Series we will be hosting this summer. The series will open Thursday, June 15 at Riverside Park. Exit 86 will take the stage at 7 pm to open the series with classic rock & roll tunes. Brink your blanket or chair and enjoy the fun!



Your Support is Needed

We are seeking golf teams for the Chamber's 13 Annual Golf Outing scheduled for June 23. We are also seeking sponsors for the 77th Annual DeWitt Ox Roast hosted August 18-20.

Supporting community-wide events strengthens your brand and enhances the quality of life for everyone in the community.



- May 3: The LaFontaine Automotive Group will host a Ribbon Cutting from 3–5 pm, at their Collision Center located at 2727 Prospect, Lansing.
- May 7: Howe's Greenhouse and Flower Shoppe, will host an Open House, Sunday, May 7th to celebrate their 100 years. Visit Howe's at 8160 S US 27, DeWitt from 12-5 pm.
- May 11: Eastbrook Homes is hosting a Grand Opening at Thomas Farms located on Clark Road west of Old 27 and Easter of Turner. Please register in advance at https://www.eventbrite.com/e/thomas-farms-block-partytickets-605119939027
- May 18: The American Red Cross will host a Blood Drive at Catholic Community of St. Jude, 801 N Bridge Street, DeWitt. 11:00 am-4:45 pm. Contact RedCrossBlood.org to schedule an appointment.

Upcoming Calendar of Events

June 1: DeWitt Community Showcase at the DeWitt High School.

June 6: Farmer's Market Downtown DeWitt.

June 7: Chamber Luncheon—Residential Real Estate Update. Banquet & Conference Center of DeWitt \$10 fee to attend June 15: Concert in the Park, 7-9 pm. Exit 86 Band

June 20: DeWitt DDA Car Cruise-in Downtown DeWitt June 23: DeWitt Chamber Charity Golf Outing—Royal Scot June 29: Concert in the Park, 7 - 9 pm. Life Support Band July 13: Concert in the Park, 7 - 9 pm. Kathy Ford Band July 27: Concert in the Park, 7 - 9 pm. The New Rule Band August 2: DeWitt Chamber Luncheon—\$10 fee

August 18-20: 77th Annual DeWitt Ox

September 6: DeWitt Chamber Annual Meeting \$10 Fee October 4: DeWitt Chamber Luncheon \$10 fee

October 28: Halloween Trick or Treat Trail with Haunted House. Sponsorships will be available.

December2: DeWitt Christmas Market, Santa Run, and Light Parade.

3rd Tuesday of the month: DMA's Senior Coffee at the DeWitt Memorial Building for all seniors 60+ years of age.



- 1707: England and Scotland form the Kingdom of Great Britain
- 1840 :"Penny Black", the world's first adhesive postage stamp issued by Great Britain
- 1885: Chicago Board of Trade Building opens
- 1926: Ford Factory workers get 40 hour work week
- 1931: Empire State Building is dedicated
- 1956—Polio Vaccine available to the public